

# Adair County News

VOLUME XXI

COLUMBIA, KENTUCKY, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26, 1918.

NUMBER 35

## J. P. DOHONEY, JR.

**He Dies Monday Morning at 6 O'clock at the Home of His Daughter, Mrs. Shreve.**

### BURIAL AT HIS OLD HOME, MILLTOWN.

Mr. J. P. Dohoney, Jr., who was born and reared at Milltown, this county, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Sam Shreve, this place, Monday morning. He had recently returned from El Reno, Okla., in a low state of health, hoping that he might be restored, but he gradually grew worse until the end.

The last twelve or fifteen years of his life he spent in Texas and in Oklahoma. He was 70 years old last March, and when he left here for the West he was one of the best known men in Adair county.

He was a son of a very old and influential family, his father, Chapman Dohoney, being the wealthiest man in all this section at the time of his death.

The remains were conveyed to Milltown Monday afternoon, after religious exercises they were laid to rest by the side of his parents and other members of his family.

Many years ago the deceased joined the Baptist Church this place, and two years ago he renewed his faith, either in Texas or Oklahoma, and stated before he died that he was willing to go when the summons came.

The deceased is survived by eight children, Mrs. Eugene Montgomery, of Texas, Mrs. Ed Bradshaw, and Mrs. W. H. Edsall, of Louisville, Forest Dohoney, who lives in Texas, Mrs. Tossie Willis, Mrs. Sam Shreve, Will Dohoney and Miss Winnie Dohoney. He also leaves one brother, Mr. Frank Dohoney. Those who were here and Mrs. Edsall were at his bedside when the end came.

Peace to his memory

### A False Report.

A report is in circulation in different parts of the country to effect that H. Gordon Bennett, who spent the latter part of last year and the first few months of this year in evangelizing in Adair and Russell and some of the adjoining counties, and later delivering patriotic addresses in the same territory, has been arrested and put in prison as a German spy. There is not a word of truth in such a report. It is so unreasonable. What is there in this country to interest a German spy. Any man that could consign the German Kaiser as deep in the bottomless pit as Bennett did, could not possibly show him any favor. Mr. Bennett is now State Secretary of Wyoming employed by the State Board of the Christian Church at \$1,800 a year. If you want to write to him, his present Post Office address is Monroe, Wis. He is a free American citizen. A great injustice is done in circulating such a report.

Z. T. Williams.

### Hale and Hearty at Eighty-Eight.

The most active man, for his age, to our knowledge, is Mr. Andrew Meadows, of Sewellton, Russell county. He was eighty-eight years old two weeks ago and is in perfect health. He rides horseback, and most generally is in his saddle. He was in Jamestown the first day of circuit court, and he mingled with the crowd as actively as a man of forty. He carries on farming, does a great deal of work himself and he also trades in stock. He has voted the Democratic ticket since his majority, and takes an interest in political campaigns. He is known to a great many people of Adair county.

Mr. Wm J. Chumbley, a young man of education and ability, was admitted to the Jamestown bar some months ago. He has formed a partnership with Judge W. R. Cress, of Monticello, and the outlook is good for the firm to build up a lucrative practice. Mr. Chumbley is a young man who has confidence in himself to do practice, and he feels sure that his firm will get a liberal share of the business coming before the Russell circuit court.

Mrs. M. E. Durham, this place, underwent an operation for cancer, in Louisville, last week. Her son, Mr. F. H. Durham, tells The News that he is receiving favorable reports.

Brack Cain sold and delivered to Evan Loy, last Friday, eight head of cattle. They brought him \$542.50.

### Speaking at Jamestown.

A fairly good crowd was in Jamestown at the opening of the present term of circuit court.

Neither Mr. Edwards nor Mr. Robison, the Republican candidates for the nomination to Congress, were present, but they were well represented in the persons of Hon. Charles Finley, a Robison supporter, and Mr. Walter Flippin and Mr. Eugene Asher, who represented Mr. Edwards.

The speaking started at 10:30 a. m., Mr. Flippin being the first to mount the rostrum. He reviewed the records of the two candidates, making a fine address. He spoke until the noon hour.

In the afternoon Mr. Finley presented Mr. Robison's claims in a strong speech and he was followed by Mr. Asher, who spoke for Mr. Edwards. Hon. L. T. Neat then made a few declarations in favor of Mr. Robison.

There was some sharp shooting during the discussion, but when the day closed all were in fine humor.

Both Edwards and Robison claim the county. The issue Monday was, which candidate did Caleb Powers the most dirt. Edward's supporters claim that he will carry the county largely, and Mr. Robison's friends are seemingly just as confident.

To an outsider, who has no say so in the contest, it looked very much like the plum, so far as Russell is concerned, will go to the side that is the most industrious.

### Interested in Oil Development.

The following letter from the Efficiency Company, managers of the Leonard Oil Company, New York, was received at this office a few days ago.

We have not received the last three issues of your paper, and desire to know whether or not our subscription has expired. If this is the case, kindly advise us how much we owe you, and we will immediately send you a check for such amount.

We are certainly interested in all of the oil news you publish, and would consider it a great favor were you to publish a resume of the different companies who are now drilling and have been drilling during the past year, giving the true facts. We intend to drill several wells ourselves, and dry holes do not scare us. They only act as guideposts in proving up the geological structure. We know that Adair county is going to produce one or more nice oil wells.

Wm. Clement Leonard.

### Sixty-Eight, Young.

An agreeable as well as pleasant surprise was afforded Rev. J. S. Chandler last Monday when the ladies of the Methodist church prepared a sumptuous dinner and surprised the gentleman at the parsonage. The occasion was the deep appreciation of the church's affection for him on his 68 birthday. A large number of ladies were present as were the officers of the church and the event proved a love feast for all who had the pleasure of being present. So well were the plans laid that Bro. Chandler knew nothing of the event until called for dinner, and repairing to the dining room he was confronted with a score or more of his friends—Campbellsville News-Journal.

Lieut. Albia Eubank, transferred to Camp Belvoir as pontoon instructor, took from the company much wit and humor, as well as a valuable instructor in military science. Lieut. Buell, who has just returned from "Over There," has been assigned to fill the vacancy. Lieut. Evans has noticed a marked increase in the number of visitors lately. An old fashioned "Kentucky" water cooler has been installed by Lieut. Eubank. The Lieutenant thinks it doesn't always pay to advertise.—Washington News, cor.

G. W. Hardin, special inheritance tax appraiser, in company with attorneys Jas. Garnett and Hite Huffaker left Louisville last Friday for Florida. Their mission is to inquire into the value of hotel and railroad properties which were owned by the late Mrs. R. W. Bingham, in connection with fixing the inheritance tax due the State of Kentucky. Mrs. Bingham was a resident of Louisville, and she left an estate estimated to be worth something like \$80,000,000.

The hog market was off 25 cents last Friday, and persons who delivered on that day did not receive as much money as they had expected, as they sold within \$1.25 of the Louisville market, hogs being up when the agreement to deliver was made.

## SERIOUSLY HURT.

**Miss Echol Calhoun Badly Hurt Saturday Afternoon by Being Thrown From Buggy.**

### LATER REMOVED TO HER HOME.

An accident which came very near proving fatal, occurred in this place last Saturday afternoon. Miss Echol Calhoun, who had attended the examination, was returning, in a buggy, from the Graded School building. Her horse became frightened and started running. When near Eld. Z. T. Williams' residence Miss Calhoun fell from the buggy, the vehicle passing over her body. She was considerably hurt, and at first it was thought her injuries were serious. She revived, and later was conveyed to her home. She was attended by Dr. C. M. Russell.

### Oil Activities.

Mr. Elmo Pearce, who is familiar with the oil business, who is located at Blackwell, Okla., and who has valuable holdings in Adair county, is here to remain a week or ten days, looking over this field. He has visited all the oil wells heretofore drilled, finding strong evidences of oil and gas in all he visited. The efforts to find oil in paying quantities in this county has not been thoroughly tested, the few wells that have been sunk were not put down to sufficient depth. Mr. Pearce knows that there are companies who are making preparations to drill deep wells, and he says that he is satisfied that oil will be found here in paying quantities.

Mr. Pearce has been in oil localities for quite awhile, and he knows the indications of formations, and he has no hesitancy in stating that there is oil in Adair county in great abundance, and he also believes that this is a gas field as well as oil. At this particular time it is difficult to contract with drillers. They are waiting for the companies to agree upon ten or a dozen locations for wells before shipping their machinery. Arrangements will be pushed as rapidly as possible, and before many months he thinks many wells will be started in the county.

### Off for the War.

The following young men of Adair county left here Monday morning for Camp Taylor: Otis T. Henson, Millard Loy, B. H. Pike, W. J. Combest, John Jeffries, G. M. Henson, Alfred Jones, Robt. Hancock, Hicks Johnston. A meeting was held in the court-house Sunday afternoon, all the young men being present, but one and he came in later. Very appropriate speeches were made by Mr. J. R. Garnett, Mr. L. C. Winfrey and Judge Herriford. They evidently enthused the young men as they were in happy frames of mind when the speaking closed.

Mr. F. M. Rains, who is Secretary of the Foreign Christian Missionary Society, will preach at the Christian church at this place, the 8th Sunday in this month at 11 o'clock. He attended C. C. College in his young manhood days and married his first wife here, who was Miss Susie Fields, a daughter of Dr. Elijah Fields. He has been absent for 35 or 40 years and those who remember him will be glad to see him.

Mr. George Hunn, wife and four children were in an automobile, near Moreland, Lincoln county, last Monday when they were struck by a southern passenger train and all were killed. Two other persons were also killed. Mr. Hunn was a first cousin of Mr. A. Hunn, this place, and was an influential man.

Baker & Morrison have recently purchased from J. N. Petty a large boundary of hickory timber, located on Harrodsfork, near Picnic, this county. They have installed machinery and will begin operation at once, cutting timber into spokes to be used by the U. S. Government.

The wheat crop of this county is much larger than the crop of 1917 and a great deal of it has been stacked. In a few days the whistle of the thresher will be heard.

Mr. Walter Lee Fisher and Miss Eula B. Martin were married in the court-house last Saturday afternoon by Judge W. S. Sinclair.

The catalogues for the Lindsey-Wilson will be ready to mail out in a very short time.

### Masonic Picnic.

Notwithstanding the farmers of the county were all busy, a goodly number of Masons and their friends assembled at the Fair Grounds last Saturday, to celebrate St. John's Day which came on the 24th, but it was decided that Monday would be a more busy day than Saturday, hence the latter day was chosen for the celebration. Nearly all the lodges in the county sent representatives. The hours were from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m. in the afternoon, and by the noon hour there were probably four hundred Masons and their friends on the grounds.

The first speech was delivered in the forenoon by Rev. B. T. Watson, who gave a historical recital of the origin of Masonry. His speech was full of information, and was most happily delivered. At the close, Bro. Watson was warmly congratulated for presenting so much light to the fraternity.

Dinner was then announced, and there was an abundance for all present, of the very best the country affords.

At 1 o'clock in the afternoon Bro. Dave Jackson, who is the Grand Secretary, took the stand, and for one and a half hours he entertained the audience by giving a history of the Masonic Home for the Widows and Orphans and also the Old Masons Home. He worked some fun into his address, but in the main it was pathetic. He is a fine speaker, and the message he brought to the Masons of Adair county will long be remembered.

Altogether it was a very delightful occasion and we believe good will result from the meeting.

### Mrs. Nona McCaffree Dead.

Last Wednesday afternoon, Mrs. Nona McCaffree, widow of the late R. T. McCaffree, after an illness of almost a year, succumbed to the inevitable, and crossed to the other side.

Her home was only a short distance from Columbia, consequently she was known to all the grown people about town. She was an excellent Christian woman, having been a devout member of the Baptist Church since early girlhood. She was sixty years old and will be sadly missed from the neighborhood where she resided for a number of years.

The funeral services were held in the Baptist church, this place, Thursday forenoon, conducted by her pastor, Rev. O. P. Bush, who paid tribute to the consecrated life she had laid down. A large concourse of relatives and friends were present in testimony of the sympathy they felt for the surviving children. She is survived by two sons and two daughters—one sister, to our knowledge, Mrs. C. M. Hindman.

The interment was in the city cemetery, and when the relatives and friends withdrew from the grave, the mound was covered with fragrant flowers.

### A Happy Party.

Last Friday evening Miss Frances Strange handsomely entertained a few of her young friends, the hours being most delightfully spent in listening to music and playing games. Miss Alice Walker assisted Miss Strange in entertaining. Delightful refreshments were served. The following young people were present:

Misses Eva Walker, Alyne Montgomery, Vera Taylor, Lizzie and Mary Harris, Eva Pierce, Agnes and Ruth Hines; Messrs. Wood Cundiff, Lewis Coffey, Ralph Garnett, Allen Conover, Edward Hamlett.

Eld. Z. T. Williams, who went last week, to see his son, Dr. L. E. Williams, Glasgow, reports that his condition is some better. He is now using medicated water, and his improvement is attributed to its medical properties. If the improvement continues, he will go to Dawson's Spring for a stay of several weeks.

Mr. Geo. E. Wilson, Secretary of Columbia Lodge, No. 96, F. & A. M., received an invitation to attend the graduating exercises in the school of the Masonic Home, which took place last Friday. Fred Jackman, a ward of said lodge, No. 96, was among the graduating class.

Nine colored boys left for Camp Taylor Wednesday morning at 4 o'clock. In the afternoon on Tuesday, Judge Herriford, and Rev. Dickerson, pastor of the colored Methodist Church, gave them stirring talks. They all left in fine spirits.

Please call at our store and settle your account by July 1st. Barger Bros.

## FATAL ACCIDENT.

**Nannie, a Twelve Year Old Daughter of C. M. Brown, Kills Her Ten Year Old Brother.**

### IT BROUGHT MUCH SORROW TO FAMILY.

A sad and fatal accident occurred at the home of Mr. C. M. Brown, who is a merchant near the Sand Lick Spring, a few days ago. We gather the particulars from Mr. R. B. Wilson, of Campbellsville, who was in the home when the accident occurred.

Mr. Ben Carter, who was attending the Springs, was occupying a room away from the residence and in it he had a single barreled shotgun, but he was away from the apartment. The little sister, finding the gun, snapping it several times at objects. Finally she said to her little brother, I will shoot you, and at the same time pointing the gun at his head, she pulled the trigger and it fired, blowing off the top of his head. He never spoke. The alarm spread and the home was soon full of friends, expressing their profoundest sorrow, the little sister almost distracted.

This should be a warning to persons who leave loaded guns in a house, in reach of children.

### Death of Mrs. Sarah Gadberry.

The subject of this writing was one of the best known women in the Gadberry section, and her death which occurred Monday night of last week, brought sorrow to many homes.

Her maiden name was Loy and she was a sister of Mrs. J. V. White, this place, and Mrs. Gaither Bryant, near Fairplay. Mr. Austin Loy was also her brother.

Mrs. Gadberry was sixty-three years old, and had been a consistent member of the Zion Baptist Church for a number of years.

The funeral services, conducted by Rev. O. P. Bush, were held Tuesday afternoon in the presence of a large number of relatives and friends, and the interment was near Gadberry.

She was kind to the sick and will be greatly missed, not only by her children, sisters and brother, but by the entire neighborhood. Our sympathy is extended to the bereaved.

### Died at Fancy Prairie, Illinois.

Mr. H. B. Ingram, this place, received a message last Wednesday morning from Fancy Prairie, Ill., stating that his brother, Mr. J. Ike Ingram, had died the day before. The deceased was seventy-odd years old and was a native of this county, and will be remembered by many of our older citizens. He was a man of most excellent character, a devout member of the Christian Church, and in the affairs of Fancy Prairie, he was enterprising, a man who will be missed by the whole community where he lived. He left Adair county many years ago. He lost his wife, who was a sister of Mrs. H. B. Ingram, about one year ago.

The compulsory labor law went into effect on the 17th of this month, and the officers are going to see that it is obeyed. There are but few towns in Kentucky where men have not been brought before the proper tribunal to show cause for not being at work. The officers of the county say they are going to do their duty.

All the hogs and cattle have not yet been shipped out of the county of Adair. A number of cattle and hogs were weighed here to buyers last week. The drovers say that stock for market is very scarce, but we notice whenever they want a carload they ride out in the country and get the number they want.

Mr. J. P. Dohoney, who recently reached the home of his daughter, Mrs. Sam Shreve, from Oklahoma, in rather a feeble condition, has not been doing so well for the last few days. He has a very bad liver trouble, medicine having but little effect. His friends would be glad to again see him active.

You must work or fight. If you have not a job the authorities will see that you get one. No man under sixty years of age can loaf in war times, says the government.

There will be special service at the Presbyterian church next Sunday night, beginning at 8:30. There will be special music. All are invited.

Mr. J. P. Dohoney, Sr., has received a card from his son, Robert, stating that he had landed safely in France.

### An Endorsement.

Little Rock, Ark., June 17, 1918. Adair County News, Columbia, Ky.

Dear Sirs:

I desire to make a statement to the people of the counties near the Lindsey-Wilson Training School concerning Mr. R. V. Bennett, who is to be principal of L. W. T. S. the coming session. I am not making this statement at the solicitation of any one, but from the interest I have in education and in the education of the sons and daughters of the people of this section, with whom I have been associated during the last three years.

It was my pleasure to be a student in the Vanderbilt Training School with Mr. Bennett one year and the next year to be a student there while he was a teacher. As a student he was exceptionally bright and made a record for tackling and solving all the knotty problems that are land-marks in the training school course. In addition to this he was interested in all the student activities. In this particular year he won the medal for scholarship, for oratory in the annual debate, took part in some of the athletics, and aided in editing the school paper. He had splendid success as a teacher, being popular with his pupils and thorough in his work. Since that time he has graduated from the University and has had some years experience in training school administration. To my mind he is an ideal teacher and possessed of the principles by which young people should be brought up.

Yours truly,  
P. G. Chandler,  
2nd Lt. Inf. N. A.

### For Sale.

One Fairbanks-Morse, 6 H. P. Gasoline Engine, Horizontal. In first-class condition. A bargain.

Also one four horse power, upright Engine.

Apply at News Office.

### Faculty, L. W. T. S.

The following teachers make up the faculty for the Lindsey-Wilson for the ensuing year:

R. V. Bennett, B. A., Principal.  
Teacher for Normal Department will be announced later.

Miss Katie Murrell, teacher in High School.

Miss Eva Rhodus, Primary and Intermediate.

Miss Alma L. Goode, Music.

Miss Mary Louise Goode, Art and Expression.

David Walker, Military.

Mrs. Lucy Hudson, Matron.

We hope to announce later a teacher of Domestic Science.

### To Stone Cement Contractors.

We will, as soon as practicable, let a contract for the construction of a stone and concrete dam, 55 feet long by 12 feet high across Russell's creek one mile below Columbia. Any contractor interested in bidding on this work call on Farmers Mill Co., 32-1f. Columbia, Ky.

### Entertained.

Mrs. Mont Cravens entertained last Wednesday afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock, in honor of Miss Anna Mildred Chandler, of Hillsboro, Texas. It was a very delightful occasion, the edibles being very refreshing.

The following young ladies were present: Marie Frazier, Oklahoma; Cary Rosenfield, Virginia Smith, Lizzie Harris, Julia Miller, Lattia Paul, Mary Winfrey, Sara C. Coffey, Catherine Nell. The following were also present to assist the younger set: Misses Minnie Triplett, Madge Rosenfield, Edna Lewis; Mesdames Annie Downpain, Oklahoma; Rollin Hurt, and W. B. Patteson.

Thursday night show discontinued until the nights get longer. Tuesday night's serial will go on until finished. Show every Saturday night.

Born, to the wife of Willie Thomas, June 16, 1918, a son.

### For Sale.

My home in Columbia, located on Greensburg street. New house, modern in every respect, two and one quarter acres of land, good garden, stock pasture with good spring. Well at the door. For further information see Bruce Montgomery, 32-1f. W. E. McCandless.

A fine rain which was very much needed fell here last Friday.



# Adair County News

Will Furnish

You all kinds of Job Work on short notice. We use the best material and our work is clean and up-to-date in workmanship. Send us your order for Note Heads, Letter Heads, Bill Heads, State ments and Envelopes, in fact anything in the Printing Line. Get prices on Catalogue Work.

# Adair County News

Columbia, Ky.

## BEST INVESTMENT EVER DEVELOPED

LOUISVILLE BROKER TELLS WHY THRIFT STAMPS ARE NEAREST IDEAL.

## GIVE ALL CHANCE TO HELP

The Baby Bond Is Perfect Investment and Brings the Economy of All the People Into Fight to Free the World.

By Harvey S. Williams, of Williams & Monroe.)

Finance and investments have developed into as exact a science as any other branch of human research, and the doctors of finance, better known as bankers and brokers, have searched as diligently for the perfect form of investments as other scientists have for perfection in their various lines. Perfection in an investment means the certainty of fixed income with no possibility of depreciation of the principal. Heretofore government bonds of the leading nations of the world have come the nearest to realizing this ideal, but since the world went to war, even these securities have shown serious depreciation in exchangeable value.

Now, however, the United States Government has issued a security which, as far as I can discover, does actually meet the requirements of a perfect investment. It is none other than the humble War Savings Stamp, or Baby Bond, and, because the original idea was to encourage wartime thrift and economy among the great wage-earning army of America, it has been generally overlooked by the investment classes. The outstanding feature of this security is that it may be redeemed at any time before maturity at full face value and about 2 per cent interest upon ten days' written notice, while if carried to maturity in 1923, the interest rate is 4 per cent compounded quarterly, which will aggregate 4 1/2 per cent annually on the investment for the entire period.

The issue of War Savings Stamps is limited by law to \$2,000,000,000, and in order to give everyone a chance to secure a part of this "safest investment ever devised," a limit of \$1,000 for each individual was set by the Government. As the total issue represents only about \$18 for each individual in the country, the wonder is that any effort should be necessary to sell them, and when the investors of moderate means once realize the advantage of this form of security, there will be a general demand for "the limit."

Above all question of selfish interest, however, stands the great fact that War Savings Stamps offer patriotic Americans an opportunity to help win the war by lending his money to Uncle Sam in amounts ranging from twenty-five cents up, and there is no doubt that the bringing of the war to our shores by the submarine campaign will greatly stimulate the desire to do so.

## LOUISVILLE BANK GOES ON HONOR ROLL

The Liberty Insurance Bank of

Louisville, has again shown its patriotism and progressive spirit by going on the honor roll of the War Savings Stamp Limit Society. This is done by the subscription of every member of its board of directors to \$1,000 in War Savings Stamps, which is the limit individuals and corporations are allowed to purchase of Baby Bonds. The War Savings Committee has every hope that all banks in Louisville will soon be on this honor roll.

This step of the Liberty Insurance Bank serves to attract additional attention to its other and varied efforts to serve the Government in the present critical period. The bank now operates a very complete department for War Savings Stamps and Thrift Stamps, and it is a very busy department.

The bank has seven directors, every one of whom has bought the limit of \$1,000 of War Savings Stamps.

## JESSAMINE COUNTY HAS GOTTEN BUSY

State headquarters has received the following report from Jessamine county:

"Chairman T. G. Wilds has been busy perfecting the county organization for the sale of War Savings Stamps. Already a goodly number of stamps have been placed, and Jessamine county will again show her true colors in aid of our Government and there is every reason to believe her quota will be more than bought up. This is an opportunity for the people to save and the harvest of its good results will come on the maturity of the stamps in a little less than four and one-half years. Every \$83.40 put in the June stamps matures to \$100; every \$834 matures to \$1,000. Your sowing of the seed now means the reaping of the harvest then. Jessamine county's quota is \$262,000, and we believe there is not a loyal citizen in this community who will not help put it over the top in this drive."

## Baseball Equipment Aids in Making Athletes of Soldiers of the U. S. Now in France

Three months ago an earnest appeal from a second lieutenant of an engineer regiment doing duty at a permanent post back of the lines in France, for athletic equipment to outfit five teams was mailed to Clark Griffith. Mr. Griffith responded to the call.

Up to the present time the Griffith Bat and Ball fund has given the boys about 48,000 balls, 12,000 bats, 4,000 catcher's masks, 4,000 catcher's mitts, 4,000 chest protectors, 4,000 first base-



Clark Griffith.

man's mitts, 12,000 base bags, more

than 60,000 fielder's gloves and thousands upon thousands of baseball guides, score cards, sweaters, boxing gloves, shoes and countless other articles. In all, it has furnished a greater part of the baseball goods that have been sent over there.

Clark Griffith's appeal to President Wilson and the secretaries of the war department and the navy, as well as other men of influence is largely responsible for the interest that is being taken to keep the soldiers physically fit by athletic sports.

"A soldier is only half a soldier until he becomes athletically trained." This is the note of thanks that General Pershing sent to Mr. Griffith for the work that he has done for the American Expeditionary forces.

## Provisions of the War Tax on Parcel Post Packages

The war tax act of October 3, 1917, imposes a stamp tax on parcel post packages as follows: "Upon every parcel or package transported from one point in the United States to another by parcel post on which the postage amounts of 25 cents or more, a tax of one cent for each 25 cents or fractional part thereof charged for such transportation, to be paid by the consignor. No such parcel or package shall be transported until a stamp or stamps representing the tax due shall have been affixed thereto." This is not an amendment of the postal laws but a special war tax based on postage rates. There is no war tax on parcel post packages on which the postage is less than 25 cents.

A machine has been invented for chopping out young cotton plants, at the same time the crop is being cultivated.

The Heavens and the earth and the waters were made in six days, despite the fact that there wasn't a gang of fellows standing around telling how it should be done.

The Kaiser doesn't call our boys "Sammies," but—"D--n Yankees." Not so bad after all. Just let it go as Yankee, just so they keep old Fritz yelling damn.

Every time we pass through a day without the Huns bombing a hospital, we can only believe that they have mislaid their map of Paris.

## W. H. JONES

COBURG, KY.

Is prepared to do all kinds of Repairing on Ford Cars. Tubes, Tires, &c., kept on hand.

Vulcanizing a Specialty.

The Adair County News, \$1.50 per year.

## Historic Forests Are Cut Down to Supply the Many Needs of Warring Nations

War, with its greedy demands, is fast sweeping away the carefully tended forests of Europe. Even in England, which has been protected by its fleet from invasion, the ax of the woodman is making great changes in the appearance of the landscape. Reports say that the beautiful woodlands, forests and groves that have for centuries formed part of the charm of rural England are disappearing.

It is expected that by the middle of this summer the British government will be converting trees into lumber at the rate of 6,000,000 tons per annum. The old, careful methods of Europe, by which trees which had passed their prime were selected and individually chopped down, leaving the forest undisturbed, are being replaced by a style of lumbering more familiar here, says the Rochester Times-Union. Canadian lumberjacks are swinging their axes in the New Forest and many other historic tracts, cutting a wide swath in much the same fashion as in the woods of British Columbia or northern Ontario.

Over in France, American forestry regiments are making a similar sweep through the woodlands. In Great Britain replanting has followed the lumberman, but it will take a century fully to cover the scars. In France there has been no chance to pay attention to anything but getting what was needed for the war.

With European forests thus laid low we should be the more careful to see that our own great resources are not recklessly wasted, and should follow the example of the older countries in making even private owners guard forests against fire loss.

## HAVE A LAUGH

Proves His Point.



After witnessing the wonderful performance of a blind pianist one Irishman remarked to another: "Be the powers, that's the best music I ever heard with me two ears." "He does pretty well for a blind man, doesn't he?" "He does, indeed; but I was just thinking of wan thing."

"What's that?" "It wouldn't make any difference to him if he wasn't blind."

"Why not?" "Well, I was watchin' him all the evening, and he never looks at the piano anyhow."

The Solution.

"You can't be too drastic in your treatment of a nation like Germany," said Admiral Couden Perry at a Cold Springs luncheon.

"You've got to consider Germany as John Nagg considered marriage."

"John," said Mrs. Nagg, "have you read this book, 'How to be Happy Though Married?'"

"Nope," said Nagg. "I didn't need to. I know how, you see, without reading it."

"Well, how then?" said his wife.

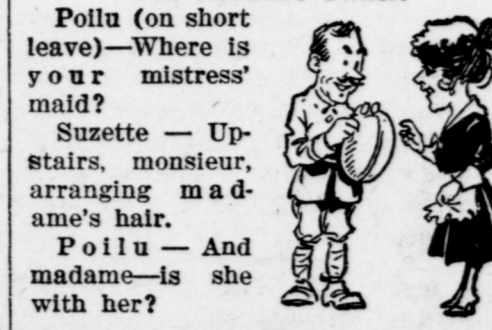
"Get a divorce," said he.

Observations.

"Did Reginald call to see you?" "Yes, Gwendolyn," replied Mr. Cumrox. "I suppose you wanted to see whether I'd object to him as a son-in-law."

"Not exactly. I thought you two had better get acquainted so that Reginald would decide whether he objected to you as a father-in-law."

The Absentee Owner.



Pollu (on short leave)—Where is your mistress' maid? Suzette — Upstairs, monsieur, arranging madame's hair.

Pollu — And madame—is she with her?

Self-Criticism.

Doctor—The man who told you your heart was weak was mad. When was it?

Recruit—When I last came up, sir.

Doctor—Who was it?

Recruit—You.

## Longest Submarine Cable Is 3,458 Nautical Miles

The longest continuous stretch of submarine cable now working, that is, without relay, is 3,458 nautical miles—that from Vancouver to Fanning Island in the Pacific, and the average distance without relay is much less than this. It is evident, therefore, that on the long transoceanic cables such as those across the Pacific, islands must be found for relay stations. This explains the rivalry of certain of the European nations for the possession of small, solitary islets, scarcely more than mere rocks, and useless except for just such a purpose as this. This was the reason for Germany's acquisition of the Caroline and Marshall Islands and later of one of the Samoan group, at the time of our war with Spain. Similarly England is to be found in possession of conveniently placed islands all over the world.

## Dr. James Menzies

OSTEOPATH

Butler Bldg on Public Square.

COLUMBIA, KY.

Residence Phone 13 B Business Phone 13

## DR. J. N. MURRELL

DENTIST

Office, Front rooms in Jeffries Bldg up stairs.

Columbia, - Kentucky

## WELL DRILLER

I will drill wells in Adair and adjoining counties. See me before contracting. Latest improved machinery of all kinds.

Pump Repairing Done. Give me a Call.

## J. C. YATES

## HENRY W. DEPP,

DENTIST

Am permanently located in Columbia.

All Classes of Dental work done. Crowns and Inlay work a Specialty. All Work Guaranteed

Office—next door to post office.

## "Toilers of the Sea."

One of the most interesting of war stories published lately is that contained in London dispatches yesterday relating to the raising of submarined ships in British waters. It seems that this is the first inkling the world has been given that engineering projects of such magnitude had been attempted in the face of the most annoying and perilous handicaps; and civilization must rejoice, indeed, in the hardihood and the engineering ability that have brought back from the dead in a year and a half over 400 good ships.

It is not difficult to reason out the grounds for the secrecy with which these operations have been cloaked. Neither is it difficult to imagine the hardships undergone by the men who labored thus under the guns of any German sea wolf that might happen along. These things are rather plain to the casual eye, but the rough seas, the gases from rotting cargoes; and the infinite labor involved in the dead lift—these are things that require a much fuller treatment than the few hundred words in which this titanic labor was described in the dispatch.

Here is a chapter of the war deserving the best pen ever held by the former Kipling. The Salvage Department of the British Admiralty has not been advertised, but its work has been no less heroic than that of the chasers and the sweepers and the men of the great dreadnaughts. The salvage ships faced the Hun torpedo with no proper means of defense, we take it, while the winds and the wave made playthings of their most cherished equipment. But the achievement cannot be measured now. This department is still raising ships; and when the war is over we may expect to have a full report of the vast work done at great hazard in the interest of humanity.—Louisville Times.

## L. H. Jones

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist

Special attention given Diseases of all

Domestic Animals

Office at Residence, 1 mile of town, on Jamestown road.

Phone 114 G.

Columbia, Ky.

## FOR SALE

By The Jeffries Realty Company.

56 Acres, three miles, from Columbia, on upper Greensburg road, 1/2 mile from school, good peach orchard, good soil and level land, well watered, 15 acres timber, good five-room house, barn 38x40 feet, good fencing, 15 acres in grass. Price \$2,750. Easy terms.

The best bargain yet offered in Adair county land. 75 acres 3 miles from Columbia, on new Stanford pike, 300 yards from school house, 1/2 mile from postoffice, store and blacksmith shop, finest water on earth, good orchard, limestone soil, 20 acres timber, good six room dwelling house, and two good barns. One-half cash, balance one and two years. This farm can be bought for \$3,500.

1/2 Acre lot in town of Columbia, 7 room, modern dwelling, good barn and other buildings, good water, house wired for electric lights, on best street in Columbia. \$1,000, cash.

135 Acres for \$3,500, one-half cash, the balance in one and two years. This farm is located in Russell county 8 miles from Jamestown, the County seat. Good house and good fencing 35 acres in timber, 55 acres in fine grass, balance in fine state of cultivation. Two miles from Russell Springs.

33 1/2 Acres for \$2,200.00. This is one of the best small farms in Adair county, 1/2 mile from two churches and school. 15 acres timber, good orchard, fertile soil, good water, level land, 8 room residence - barn 32x48, good fencing, five miles from Columbia, on Jamestown Pike.

FOR SALE—160 acres, seven miles from Columbia, good roads, 1/2 mile from church and school. 120 acres cleared, 40 acres timber, 15 acres fine bottom. Good dwelling house, good tenant house, two good barns and excellent fencing. This farm can be bought for \$30 per acre, one third cash and balance in one and two years.

A splendid little farm of 79 acres ten miles from Columbia for \$2,000. This farm has on it a good house and barn and 14 acres of timber, all well fenced. The place is 1/2 mile from post office, church and school.

A BARGAIN AT \$10,000. 204 Acres, two and one-half miles from Columbia, near Campbellsville pike, good orchard, 50 acres timber, good residence, excellent fencing, 65 acres good grass, 65 acres in clover, limestone soil. This land is uniformly level and tractor can be used on every foot of the farm. This is the best bargain at \$10,000 in Kentucky.

FOR SALE AT BARGAINS—A man can buy these Farms and Pay for them in two years at the present prices of tobacco.

250 Acres on new pike now under construction, one mile from church, six and one-half miles from Columbia, limestone soil, good water, 100 acres in timber, 60 acres fine bottom land, two good houses, two tenant houses, two barns, good fencing, possession Jan. 1st, 1919. The price of this farm is \$8,500.

190 Acres one mile from Columbia between Jamestown and Somerset roads, good orchard, limestone soil, soft water, one third in timber, fairly level, 30 acres bottom, brick residence, new barn, fairly good fencing. Price \$7,000.

A farm of 42 acres, three miles from Columbia, for \$906. This nice little farm is on the Greensburg pike, good limestone soil, close to school and church, nice residence and good barn. This is a bargain and can be paid for out of one crop of tobacco.

Four acres in town of Columbia, seven room, modern residence, good cellar, splendid fencing, two good barns. Price \$2,800.

We have listed many other good propositions in both farms and town property.

C. G. JEFFRIES REALTY CO.

Columbia, - - - Kentucky.

ADAIR COUNTY NEWS \$1.50



HELP  
STOP  
THIS



BUY W. S. S.  
on June 28<sup>th</sup>  
& KEEP HIM OUT of AMERICA

## CHAIRMAN VANDERLIP SENDS THIS MESSAGE TO COUNTY CHAIRMEN OF KENTUCKY

Washington, D. C., June 14, 1918

James B. Brown,  
State Director of Kentucky,  
Louisville, Ky.

Reports from all sections of the United States indicate big success for the War Savings Campaign for Pledges. I am depending on your State not to fall behind the others. Close adherence to the National plan, with particular emphasis on large pledges, and other essential features, backed by thorough, comprehensive organization and increasing effort will insure success.

Insist on every community pledging its quota. We are doing everything possible at Washington to back you up.

Frank A. Vanderlip,  
Chairman,  
National War Savings Committee

## ANZAC HERO'S SIGHT RESTORED

Australian Soldier, "Blinded for Life," Can See Again.

### STORY READS LIKE FICTION

Two Years of Darkness Ended Abruptly When Washington Specialist Discovers That Dislocated Vertebrae Caused Trouble—Now Anxious to Rejoin His Anzac Comrades in the Trenches.

The gas-cloud, the bayonet thrust, and the bullet wound have caused many a repetition in the war of the familiar story of the "Light that Failed." But, among the thousands of combatants whose blindness will ever through their lives prove a poignant sacrifice is one who almost miraculously has recovered his sight. And, as an inspiring sequel to the story of his physical rehabilitation, the victim has announced his intention of going back to the trenches.

It was in the fierce fighting before Gallipoli in 1915 that Thomas Skehill, a signaler in the Anzac forces, was instantly blinded by the blast of an exploding shell. Months of service had given Skehill a deep insight into the motives that had induced his comrades to sacrifice gladly their lives. Incapacitated for further fighting, he sought to preach the gospel of the allied effort from the lecture platform and through the press. Although barely over his majority—he had enlisted at the age of nineteen—he soon became known as a powerfully effective lecturer.

#### In America to Aid the Red Cross.

Recently he left Australia, where his name had become a household word, to come to America for a series of lectures in the interests of the Red Cross. His first addresses at San Francisco were heard by more than 150,000 people. He met with similar successes in Reno, Salt Lake City, Denver and finally in the national capital.

Although suffering from his physical disabilities, Skehill announced his intention of inaugurating an individual



Thomas Skehill.

drive with the object of raising a million dollars for the Red Cross. He had been afflicted with violent headaches for more than a month. In San Francisco he had been obliged to go to a hospital, in Reno he had bled nearly to death with hemorrhages, and in Washington he suffered greatly from pains in his neck.

#### When His Sight Returned.

A Washington specialist found that the vertebrae at the base of Skehill's neck had been dislocated in three places, presumably by the shock that had blinded him. A simple operation was undertaken, and as the vertebrae were snapped back into position the sight returned to the soldier's eyes.

As the realization came to Skehill that the darkness that had hung over him for more than two years had been dispelled, he became seized with an ecstatic joy that nearly unhinged his mind. His mind became a blank concerning the years that had elapsed since his injury, and he imagined himself back in the bayonet charge in which he had been wounded. His condition became so acute that he was removed to a hospital, but after a night's sleep he regained his mental poise.

The soldier-poet will try to rejoin his Anzac comrades in the trenches overseas.

#### BAN ON FOREIGN SIGNS.

Ohio Town Rules All Must Be in English Language.

A ban on foreign signs has been placed by the city council of Martens Ferry, O. At a meeting of that body members declared there were several places about the city where signs appeared in foreign languages and an ordinance was passed making it unlawful to put up signs in any other than the American language.

## CALLED HER FAMILY TO HER BEDSIDE

Six Years Ago, Thinking She Might Die, Says Texas Lady, But Now She Is a Well, Strong Woman and Praises Cardui For Her Recovery.

Royse City, Tex.—Mrs. Mary Kilman, of this place, says: "After the birth of my little girl...my side commenced to hurt me. I had to go back to bed. We called the doctor. He treated me...but I got no better. I got worse and worse until the misery was unbearable...I was in bed for three months and suffered such agony that I was just drawn up in a knot..."

I told my husband if he would get me a bottle of Cardui I would try it... I commenced taking it, however, that evening I called my family about me... for I knew I could not last many days unless I had a change for

the better. That was six years ago and I am still here and am a well, strong woman, and I owe my life to Cardui. I had only taken half the bottle when I began to feel better. The misery in my side got less... I continued right on taking the Cardui until I had taken three bottles and I did not need any more for I was well and never felt better in my life... I have never had any trouble from that day to this."

Do you suffer from headache, backache, pains in sides, or other discomforts, each month? Or do you feel weak, nervous and fagged-out? If so, give Cardui, the woman's tonic, a trial.

### Ten Commandments Adapted to the Soldiers and Sailors in Service of Uncle Sam

The Lake Division News, official publication of the Lake division of the Red Cross, which includes Indiana, Ohio and Kentucky, contains what it calls "Uncle Sam's Ten Commandments" in a recent issue. The "commandments," submitted by an Ohio chapter, follow:

- "1. Thou shalt not evict for nonpayment of rent a soldier's dependents, under penalty of \$10,000 fine.
- "2. Thou shalt not cut off a soldier's life insurance because of delayed premiums.
- "3. Thou shalt not foreclose a mortgage on a soldier's property.
- "4. Thou shalt not take away a soldier's home on which he has made part payment.
- "5. Thou shalt not sell a soldier's property because of his failure to pay the taxes, national, state or local.
- "6. Thou shalt not settle a lawsuit against a soldier in his absence.
- "7. If a soldier is sued, the courts shall postpone action until he can attend to it.
- "8. If a soldier have a mine, timber or farm claim, assessments on which are overdue, it shall be held for him.
- "9. Honor thy soldier and thy sailor that thy days may be long.
- "10. No man hath greater love than that he offer his life for the world's sake, and it is commanded that lawyers, loan sharks and tithe gatherers shall not fatten on him."

### New Jersey Dentist First to Fill Tooth With Gold

The first dentist to fill the nerve cavity with gold was Edward Maynard, who was born in Madison, N. J., 105 years ago. Maynard was also the inventor of many of the instruments now used in dental surgery. He had a varied career. His ambition was to become a soldier, and he was appointed to the West Point Military academy, but resigned because of ill health. In 1835 he graduated in dental surgery and settled in Washington, where he practiced for 55 years. While Doctor Maynard was experimenting with improved fillings for teeth, and inventing new appliances, Doctor William T. G. Morton, a Boston dentist, robbed surgery of much of its horrors by introducing the use of ether in operations. This was in 1844, a few years after the first dental college in America was founded in Baltimore. Doctor Maynard was also the inventor of the breech-loading Maynard rifle patented in 1851, which was the forerunner of the modern rifle. He died in Washington in 1891.

### Some Postscripts.

A factory for the manufacture of alcohol from sweet potatoes is planned for the Azores. For marking tools or other metal objects an electric etching machine has been invented. To support a table for invalids a bracket that may be attached to any bedstead has been invented. Using ordinary coal tar as a basis, a factory in Europe is turning out about 200 tons of artificial rubber daily. In proportion to population Serbia leads the nations for centenarians, Ireland ranking next and then Spain.

The Turks may hold on till the end as they promised the Kaiser, but they will find it is like holding on to the end of a whip-cracker.

Germany has placed a ban on barley for beer during the war. That closes the breweries. Sometimes the enemy shows real sense.

### Can't Frighten Americans

Germany, by bringing the war to the doors of the United States through submarine activity, has not frightened the American people, but "has intensified the fire of our passion," and "brought home to us the need of strength and more strength so that the enemy may be more quickly and more thoroughly be stripped of his arrogance," Secretary of the Navy, Daniels, told the graduating class of the United States Naval Academy at the annual commencement. The class, numbering 199 men, was graduated a year earlier than usual on account of war exigencies.

THE ADAIR COUNTY NEWS \$1.50

### Go to Church Times.

The pastors of Columbia and vicinity extend a cordial welcome to all Presbyterian church, Rev. B. A. Watson Pastor. Sunday-School 9:45 a. m. Congregational Worship 11 a. m. Evening Service at 7 p. m. on every second and fourth Sundays. Prayer service Wednesday evening at 6:30. Sunday-school topic discussed. Preaching at Union 1st and 3rd Sabbaths.

#### METHODIST CHURCH.

L. F. Piercey, Pastor. Preaching 1st and 3rd Sunday of each month. Sunday School at 9:30 a. m. Epworth League 6:15 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 6:30. Everybody cordially invited to these services.

#### BAPTIST CHURCH.

Preaching on each first and third Sunday. Morning service 11 o'clock. Evening service 7 o'clock. Sunday School 9:30 a. m. B. Y. P. U. evening 6:30.

Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening 8:30. Business meeting Wednesday evening before the 3rd Sunday in each month.

Missionary Society, the last Thursday in each month, 3:00 o'clock. F. H. Durham, Supt. S. S.

#### O. P. Bush, Pastor.

#### CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

Bible School every Sunday at 10:30 a. m.

Judge Hancock, Superintendent. Preaching service at 11 a. m. and 8:00 p. m. on Second and Fourth Sundays.

Prayer meeting each Wednesday evening at 8:00. Official meeting Friday night before the fourth Sunday in each month.

Woman's Missionary Society, the first Sunday in each month at 2:30 p. m.

Mission Band the first Sunday in each month at 2 p. m.

Ladies' Aid Society Thursday afternoon second Sunday at 3:00 p. m.

Z. T. Williams, Pastor. G. R. Reed, Sect. Ray Conover, Tres.

The Adair County News \$1.50 yr.



## Adair County News

Published On Wednesdays.  
At Columbia, Kentucky.

MARKSDALE HAMLETT, Editor.

Democratic newspaper devoted to the interest  
of the City of Columbia and the people of Adair,  
adjoining counties.

Entered at the Columbia Post-office as second  
mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE \$1.50 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE



WED. JUNE 26, 1918.

At the Democratic State Convention, of Indiana, held last week, Gov. Rawlston, launched a sentiment in favor of President Wilson for the third term. When Wilson's name was mentioned the Convention went wild. Under ordinary conditions, there is a pronounced sentiment against the third term. President Grant failed of nomination for the third term, but at that time politics was running high, and a combination defeated him. In Wilson's case the situation is altogether different, as there are no politics in these war times. As an evidence of this fact many of the most prominent Republicans of the nation, including former President Taft, have endorsed Mr. Wilson's war policies from the start, and they are standing by him to-day. We do not believe that Mr. Wilson wants to be elected to the Presidency for the third time, but on account of his superior knowledge of the war it may be that he will become formidable for re-election, and if the sentiment should be strong enough throughout the United States to retain him, he could only escape the nomination by flatly refusing to accept such an offer. He is Commander-in-Chief of the American army, and next to him stands Secretary of War Baker, of Ohio, who through whom the President, is directing the affairs of this bloody contest.

Hon. Harvey Helm filed with the Secretary of State last Wednesday. He is a candidate for re-election to Congress and will not be opposed by a Democrat. It is said that a Republican will be presented to the district. In these war times politics are not discussed. The only question the voter wants answered, is the candidate loyal to the government. We are all Americans fighting for a common cause, the successful termination of this war. All the news for the last week has been favorable to the allies, and it looks now like they have a footing that will hold. There are at present more than a million American soldiers in France, and ship loads from three to five thousand soldiers leave New York every other day. America is after the Kaiser and she is sure to get him.

From now on German peace offensives may be looked for more frequently, and regarded more seriously. But we predict that by this time next year the

real peace offensive that will bring decision, will have been launched, and that soon thereafter American boys will be sightseeing in Berlin without passports.

Authority to increase the price of wheat at primary and other markets, with the approval of Food Administrator Hoover, above the guaranteed \$2.20 a bushel minimum price, is given the Food Administration Grain Corporation by an executive order of the President. To carry out the purpose of the order the corporation is authorized to increase its capital stock from \$50,000,000 to \$150,000,000.

Declaring that "the exigencies of the times call for the renomination and election in 1920 of Woodrow Wilson," Samuel M. Rawlston, former Governor of Indiana, permanent chairman of the Indiana State Democratic Convention, fired the delegates and audience with enthusiasm that brought them to their feet waving flags and cheering. The demonstration lasted for several minutes.

Adair county is ideal for sheep raising. With the increased shortage of labor, the price seems at this time so attractive for tobacco growing in the county, at the prices of sheep and lambs, this industry would prove more profitable to our farmers, and far more beneficial as a matter of conservation.

## AUSTRIANS DEFEATED.

From Montello to the sea the enemy has been defeated and forced by the Italian troops to cross the Piave River in disorder, closely pursued by Italian forces, the Rome War Office announced yesterday. Thus the offensive of the Austrians ends in a big defeat. The foe's losses are estimated at 180,000 men.

At the rate of 100,000 per month of our troops being transported to France, and by the way that Pershing's men are acquitting themselves like veterans, another year will bring and end to the war.

## WAR NEWS.

## BRITISH AND AMERICANS IN SUCCESSFUL RAIDS.

(By Associated Press.)

Standing firmly before the war-stricken city of Rheims, the French have checked a new German drive launched the night of the 18th, five days after the offensive on the Montdidier-Noyon line came to a halt. In the fighting the active battlefront has been extended to a point five miles southeast of the Cathedral city.

At 6 o'clock Tuesday evening the German artillery began a heavy bombardment between Vreigny, west of Rheims, to the village of La Pompelle, on the north bank of the Vesle River, east of that city. Three hours later the Teutonic infantry stomped out of their trenches to begin the assault. According to the official statement issued at Paris, the Germans were nowhere successful in their attempts to enter the French lines, being repulsed with heavy losses.

The front over which the new attack was launched is approximately fourteen miles in length. It has been expected that the

Germans would sooner or later attempt to straighten out their lines in this region, because the close of the Aisne offensive left the Allies in a favorable position along the front from the Marne east of Chateau Thierry to the region north of Chalons. Having interior lines, they are able quickly to concentrate their forces on either side of the angle, having its apex at Rheims.

The ground over which the Germans are attacking west of Rheims, is rather high and irregular. To the north of the city it is more level and to the east the French, being between the enemy and the Vesle River, would be operating at a disadvantage were it not for wooded hills which they hold on each side of the village of La Pompelle.

The connection between this assault and the one delivered between Montdidier and Noyon last week is rather difficult to trace, except that a straightening of the line would be of advantage to the foe.

Raiding operations are reported from the British fronts in the Somme and Lys sector.

If the Germans expected that the Austrians would advance and compel the Allies to send reserves to Italy and thus weaken the western front, it is probably they will have to change any plans based on such anticipations.

German patrols have been active against the American positions along the Marne, but their efforts to penetrate the American lines were repulsed. One enemy patrol was almost wiped out by the American machine gunfire.

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES ON THE MARNE, June 20 (by A. P.)—The American troops in this sector attacked the German line northwest of Chateau Thierry during the night and made an advance of five-eighths of a mile, driving the Germans back from a small pocket on the northern side of Belleau wood.

The Americans occupied the German positions without resistance from the enemy, the Germans having withdrawn when the short and sharp preliminary artillery bombardment indicated that an infantry attack would follow.

The Germans carried their materials with them in their retreat and the Americans, therefore, did not take any machine guns. As a matter of course, also, no prisoners were taken. One small salient is all that the enemy continues to hold in Belleau wood.

Paris, June 20 (by A. P.)—The sanguinary defeat suffered by the Germans before Rheims is pointed to by the morning newspapers as an excellent augury for the Allies in the operations to come. The military experts, the Hayas agency notes, are displaying particular satisfaction over the outcome, regarding it as further proof of the expression of the Crown Prince's army, which is showing itself incapable of prolonged efforts.

The commentators, however, do not seek to minimize the ability displayed by the defenders, and point particularly to the remarkable artillery barrage fire, the notable resistance of the infantry and the irresistible counter attacks of the brave colonial

troops under Gen. Gouraud. "Never did so important an attack fail so completely," the Petit Journal remarks.

## Joppa.

Farmers in our community are through with wheat harvest.

Mrs. F. G. Willis has been confined to her room for the past three weeks.

Charlie T. Powell and Tom B. Cabbell write their parents that they have landed safe "somewhere in France."

A few from this place attended the singing at Glensfork, Sunday.

Miss Bettie Robinson, of Campbellsville, and Miss Jennie Garnett, of Columbia, visited Miss Fannie Holladay last week.

Mrs. J. W. Morris, of Ozark, was at the bedside of her brother, Mr. John Troutman, who remains about the same.

Mrs. Joe Knifley and Miss Minnie Ingram, of Columbia, spent Tuesday with Miss Eva Murrell.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Yates and H. M. Holladay spent last Saturday night in Campbellsville.

Mrs. Catherine Willis, of Campbellsville, is visiting her son, F. G. Willis, and family.

Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Moore, of Smith's Chapel, were in our midst recently.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Young are in Louisville. Mrs. Young went with the view of an operation.

T. E. Waggener, Columbia, was at the bedside of his sister, Tuesday.

## Gradyville.

We had a nice rain to-day and vegetation has put on a different appearance.

The warmest weather of the season was last week.

John Pickett, the well-known insurance man of Campbellsville, was in our midst last Thursday and Friday.

Archie Sparks was at Greensburg last Friday.

James Goff and Robert Wethington, of Columbia, spent last Thursday and Friday, in our town, looking after the oil fields and machinery.

G. E. Nell, J. J. Parson, and Ed Montgomery motored to Lebanon Wednesday afternoon.

Uncle Robert O. Keltner continues to improve. It is hoped by his many friends that he will soon be restored to his wanted health.

Richard Rupe and family are visiting in Louisville this week.

Rev. B. T. Watson, of Columbia, filled his regular appointment at Union, last Sunday morning, and in the afternoon preached at Gradyville. Both discourses were very interesting.

Dr. S. Simmons and family visited relatives and friends at Jamestown last Sunday.

Several from this place attended the funeral of Hogard Campbell, last Monday, in the Sparksville community.

Our farmers were exceedingly glad to have the good rain that enabled them to replant all of their growing crop of tobacco. We are glad to note that the crop of the young weed is looking fine in this part of the county.

## To Readers of The Adair County News

We wish to impress upon your mind that we have assembled in our spacious salesrooms, the largest and best assorted stock of

## Carpets, Linoleums and Rugs

and notwithstanding higher cost of merchandise, have been able to keep the price down, by placing early orders when buying was good. If you cannot come to Louisville to inspect our lines, write us about your needs and receive prompt and painstaking response.

## Hubbich Bros. &amp; Wellendorff, Inc.,

522-524 W. Market St.,  
Louisville, Kentucky.

## FOR SALE

Farm of 167 acres well  
Located.

Apply at  
TIMES OFFICE,  
Glasgow, Ky.

Some one entered the rolling mill at this place and did not do anything, except relieve the mill of about 200 pounds of the very best quality of flour.

Mr. and Mrs. Evan Akin, of near Sparksville, entertained some of their friends last Saturday afternoon. The music was furnished by the Akin band, assisted by A. B. Henderson and L. C. Hill, of our city. Those present said that the music could not be excelled and the evening was delightfully spent.

Mr. James G. Flowers, the well-known hardware man, of St. Louis, Mo., is spending a few days with his relatives in our city. Mr. Flowers is looking fine and we were all glad to see him.

There will be erected near this place, during the fall season two school buildings. We understand that Messrs. Henderson & Rowe have the contract for building these houses. Both are men of experience along this line and we take it when they are ready to turn the keys over, the patrons will be pleased.

## Charlotte, N. C.

June, 14, 1918.

The Adair County News,  
Columbia, Ky.

Again while thinking of my old Kentucky Home and friends that I may never see again, but I hope to meet all of you again and have a lot of experiences to tell you about how we went "over the top" and slayed Germans by the wholesale.

We finished our course in Indianapolis the 7th of this month and the next day, Saturday, we were given a picnic out at Garfield Park by the Chamber of Commerce, in honor of our leaving and we sure did appreciate this picnic, as we had a bunch of people, civilians, out to help us with our good times and helped us so much by giving us cigarettes, fruits, candies and ice cream and everything good imaginable.

We left Indianapolis Tuesday, June 11th and went by the way of Cincinnati, Lexington, Danville, Somerset, Burnside, Knoxville Tenn., Asheville, N. C., and then to our camp, Charlotte or Camp Green, N. C. Herschel Taylor and I are bunking together and we have had some time since we enlisted.

We have only 77 men in our squadron, but all of them are good fellows, Kentuckians. You know that name means hospitality and friendship with all people you meet. We have made a host of friends since we entered army life.

We have met several Government men of high rank, all of them praised the Kentucky boys for our rapid progress in military training, also our progress from a mechanical standpoint.

We are now in an aviation camp and will go across with the Aviation corps.

We will have in our squadron 500 men, 6 flyers and 12 machines and a number of trucks for transporting purposes.

We are doing nothing now but eating, sleeping and resting up as we are quarantined on account of measles for at least 14 days and we hope not longer than that period, as we can not go to town, and to stay in camp for that long means a lot of pleasure gone to the bad.

I have received a few copies of the Adair County News and I sure did appreciate it for I can see some news that is real interesting to me.

We expect to see Foreign service before a very long while and hope we do.

Herschel Taylor is now standing in the center of the tent making a speech on Kentucky, Indiana and North Carolina. He has the attention of all that is near him. It is quite interesting, too.

Hope to meet you all in an old time family reunion in the near future. Will close hoping to hear from one or all and see you sometime again.

Respt.,  
W. V. Helm,  
Aviation Detention Camp, 3rd Provisional Squadron, Charlotte, N. C.

## DEBTS COLLECTED

Accounts, Notes, Claims of all kinds collected anywhere in the world. No charges unless we collect. Reference, Farmers National Bank.  
May's Collection Agency;  
Room 7 Masonic Bldg. Somerset, Ky.

## Pellyton.

Farmers are all busy cutting wheat and plowing over corn at this place.

Rev. I. T. Allen, of Knifley, filled his regular appointment at this place the 3rd Sunday in this month.

Miss Mabel, daughter of Judge Sinclair, of Columbia, returned home Sunday from visiting her uncle, Oscar Sinclair, at this place.

Jasper Doss and daughters, Misses Gertrude and Daisy, attended Quarterly meeting at Atwood's Chapel, last Friday, and reported a nice time.

J. R. Jones, of this place, will leave Saturday for Mason City, Illinois, where he will visit his sons, Willie and Clarence, for awhile.



## Personals.

Walker Sharp, Jamestown, was here a few days since.

Mr. W. M. Lowery, Nicholasville, was here last week.

Mr. R. H. Vaughan, Glasgow, was here one day last week.

Mr. J. S. Snow, Burkesville, was here a few days since.

Mr. B. H. Gilpin met his Columbia customers last Thursday.

Dr. R. D. Mitchell, of Campbells-ville, was here last Wednesday.

Mr. J. M. Paxton, Bowling Green, was at the Jeffries Hotel Thursday.

Mr. T. A. Judd made a trip to Georgetown and Lexington last week.

F. X. Merkley and Jas. Lyon, came over, from Campbellsville, a few days ago.

Mr. W. E. Mitchell, Georgetown, was in Columbia a day or two of last week.

Prof. A. H. Ballard and wife were in Louisville for a short time last week.

Mr. J. A. Hodges, of Greensburg, who is a soldier, was in Columbia last Wednesday.

Mr. Geo. W. Brockman, Amanda-ville, made a business trip to Colum-bia a few days since.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rice, Camp-bellsville, visited at the home of Mr. Brack Massie, last Thursday.

Mr. T. W. Buchanan and son, Campbellsville, were registered at the Jeffries Hotel last Wednesday.

Judge W. W. Jones and Mr. G. R. Reed were among the Columbia visi-tors to the Russell circuit court.

Miss Minnie Wheat, Denmark, was here last Wednesday, en route to Ma-riion county, where she will teach.

Miss Bess Cofer visited at the home of Mr. J. P. Dohoney and she also vis-ited her cousin at Mr. J. P. Hutchi-son.

Mr. Nathan Bridgewater and wife, of near Greensburg, visited at the home of Mr. Sam Bridgewater last week.

Mr. G. M. Stevenson, Mr. C. Hoge Hockensmith, Mr. G. A. Smith, were at Jamestown the first of circuit court.

Mr. Jo Russell, Lebanon, came down last Wednesday and spent the re-mainder of the week with his many friends.

Mr. Eugene Wethington, Clements-ville, spent a few days of last week in Columbia, looking after his stove business.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Knight, their daughter, Mrs. W. M. Diddle, Adair-ville, came down from Jamestown last Thursday.

Mr. Edward Hamlett, who has been with his parents several weeks, left for Frankfort Monday morning, where he has employment.

Prof. Eli Strange, who has been in Harlan county for several weeks, re-turned to this county last Thursday night. He will return to Harlan.

Judge Rollin Hurt reached home from Frankfort last Saturday. He will be here during his vacation which will not terminate until September.

Mr. Matthew Taylor, of Glenville, spent a few days in Columbia last week. He has many friends in this community who are always glad to see him.

W. J. Cundiff, brother of Rollin Cundiff, who is in the Navy, located at Newport, R. I., is at home on a thirty days furlough. He was in Co-lumbia Wednesday.

Messrs. Gordon Montgomery and W. A. Coffey, of this bar, were at James-town the first day of court. They were accompanied by Mr. T. R. Stults and Mr. M. C. Winfrey.

Mr. and Mrs. Terry Humble, and Mrs. Tabitha Grissom, of Glasgow, visited at the home of Mr. W. P. Sum-mers last week. The visiting ladies are sisters of Mrs. Summers.

Miss Katie Murrell went to Camp-bellsville Thursday, and on Friday morning she and Miss Mary Chan-der left for Knoxville where they will enter the University of Tennessee for a six weeks' course.

Mrs. Lou F. Miller and Mr. H. N. Miller, returned from Louisville last week. They stated that Mrs. Miller's son, and H. N. Miller's brother, George R., who has been quite sick, had greatly improved.

Mrs. W. R. Todd visited at the home of her father-in-law, A. G. Todd, last week. In a few days she will meet her husband in Chicago, Ill. Mrs. Todd taught expression in Lindsey-Wilson some years ago and was a very popular instructor.

Mrs. W. H. Edsall, of Louisville, daughter of Mr. J. P. Dohoney, Jr., arrived the latter part of last week and remained at the bedside of her father until he died.

Mr. C. C. Holt, the fertilizer man, was here Monday.

Miss Mary Trabue has been danger-ously ill for several days.

Mr. L. Baldauf and his little son, Morris, arrived last Sunday night.

Mr. James D. Jarvis, of Barbour-ville, visited here several days last week.

Mrs. J. T. Bennett, of Knifley, was visiting Mrs. Will Pendleton last week.

Mr. W. R. Carter, of Chillicothe, Texas, is spending a few days in Co-lumbia.

Messrs R. K. Young and Elzie Young made a business trip to Louis-ville last week.

Mr. — Moss, brother of Prof. R. R. Moss, of Hart county, is spending a few days in Columbia.

Misses Kate Gill and Dora Eubank are taking a six week's course in Bow-ling Green Normal.

Raymond Johnson was at home, from Jeffersonville, to see his mother, the first of the week.

Mr. Tom Goff and wife, of Okla-homa, are visiting Mr. Goff's parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Goff.

Miss Bettie Robinson, of Campbells-ville, spent a few days of last week with Miss Jennie Garnett.

Mrs. R. A. Myers and her son, Robert Page and Mrs. Cecil Ramsey ar-rived from Monticello last Friday.

Mrs. W. B. Hansford and children, of Somerset, are visiting Mrs. Hans-ford's parents, Mr. H. C. Feese and wife.

Miss Nell Williams, of Cave City, is visiting relatives in Columbia. She is a granddaughter of Eld. Z. T. Wil-liams.

Mrs. J. A. Young and Mrs. J. W. Young and little daughter, Katherine, were in Louisville the latter part of last week.

Mr. Samuel Damron and wife, of Hustonville, visited at the home of Mr. J. H. Young the latter part of last week.

Miss Alma McFarland, who has been visiting her sisters, in Indianapolis, for the past six weeks, returned home Friday night.

Margaret Hamlett, the little daugh-ter of Mr. and Mrs. Barksdale Ham-lett, is visiting her grandparents, Elizabethtown.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Campbell, of Camp-bellsville, are spending a few days with Mr. Hutchison's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Hutchison.

Mr. and Mrs. John Lee Walker and their little son, John Ritchey, are spending a few days with Mrs. Wal-ker's father, Mr. J. H. Ritchey, at Burkesville.

Mr. John A. Harris, who is employ-ed as a book-keeper in Florida, arriv-ed Saturday afternoon, to spend sev-eral weeks with his parents, brothers and sisters.

Mr. H. C. Rhorer, of Lexington, who is a son of Dr. Melvin Rhorer, who lived here for a number of years, was here last Thursday, representing a Drug Company.

Mr. Quince Jones and his son, Mr. Ed Jones, of near Liberty, brother and nephew of Judge W. W. Jones, came down last Sunday and dined with the Judge and his family.

Mrs. Fannie B. McGarvey, her daughter Mrs. C. L. Craft, and three children of St. Louis, and Miss Mattie Taylor, who teaches at Middlesboro, arrived on a visit last Friday night.

Mr. G. T. Flowers, Sr., Mrs. G. O. Moss and two sons, James and Har-old; Mr. Garfield Flowers and Miss Mollie Flowers left Monday afternoon, to visit Mr. G. T. Flowers, Jr., Monticello.

Mr. Claud Young and his sister, Miss Mary, of Franklin, Ind., are vis-iting their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Young, and other relatives here. They came through in Mr. Young's automobile.

Mrs. L. E. Bradley and daughter, Maud E., reached home last Friday from Louisville, the latter having had an operation performed several weeks ago, at St. Mary's and Eliza-beth's Hospital.

Mr. F. H. Durham, wife and chil-dren; Mrs. L. W. Bennett and her daughter, Miss Margaret, took a little spin over Russell county one after-noon last week. They left here in the afternoon, went to Russell Springs, Font Hill, mouth of Greasy Creek, Jamestown, and back home to supper.

Rev. T. L. Hulse, of Hopkinsville, accompanied by Mrs. Hulse, came up last week. Mr. Hulse went to Burkes-ville, on business, Mrs. Hulse remain-ing here, visiting with her sister, Mrs. L. F. Piercy. Mr. Hulse is a popular minister throughout this sec-tion, and his friends were glad to see him.

## Local News

### Farmers Need Automobiles—In-creases Farm Production.

Interesting observations concerning the automobile and the farmers in this section are made by Mr. W. R. Lyon, of the Buchanan Lyon Co., dealer in this locality for Racine Country Road and Racine Multi-Mile Cord tires.

"The automobile on the farm has earned its 'feed' a hundred-fold," the dealer asserts. "The automobile has changed the farmer's living habits. It has changed his buying habits. The automobile has been so important an adjunct in the life of the farmer here-about, that it would be most difficult for the farmer to get along without it."

"He uses his car constantly. There are the many quick trips to and from town, or to places on or about his town. The motor car has extended the social side of farm life. It has brought farmers nearer together. It has made them neighbors in the real sense of the word. It has brought to the farm, the advantages which, before the automobile came, were as-sociated almost exclusively with city life."

"Who would go back to conditions that existed before the automobile came?" the dealer asks. "I couldn't! Could you?"

Racine Country Road and Racine Multi-Mile Cord tires, in the opinion of the local dealer, have done much to cut the cost of motor car operation. The Country Road tire especially, the dealer sets forth, is designed and con-structed particularly to meet road conditions existing in this section.

### COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

#### ADAIR CIRCUIT COURT OF KENTUCKY.

Annie M. Jarvis, Statutory Gdn. for Clem and Mary C. Jarvis and Annie M. Jarvis, Plaintiff, vs. Clem and Mary C. Jarvis, Defendants.

By virtue of a Judgment and Order of Sale of Adair Circuit Court, rendered at the January and May Terms, thereof, 1918, in the above cause, I shall proceed to offer for sale at the Court-house door, in Columbia, Ky., to the highest bidder, at Public Auction, on Monday, the 1st day of July, 1918, at one o'clock, p. m., or there-about, (being County Court,) upon a credit of six months, the following described property, to-wit: A certain tract of land, lying in Adair county, Kentucky, on and near the waters of Caney Fork creek, near the town of Coburg, and is the same land con-veyed to C. H. Jarvis by John C. Dudgeon and wife by deed, dated November 3, 1912, and of record in the Adair County Court Clerk's Office, in Deed Book 32, page 600. For more com-plete description reference is made to the Judgment, pleadings, and Order of Sale.

For the purchase price, the pur-chaser, with approved surety or se-curities, must execute Bond, bearing legal interest from the day of sale until paid, and having the force and effect of a Judgment. Bidders will be prepared to comply promptly with these terms.

W. A. Coffey, Master Commissioner.

#### U. S. Navy Recruiting Station. 412 South Fourth Street, Louisville, Ky.

With nearly every branch of the service open, the U. S. Navy Recruit-ing Station, 412 South Fourth Street, Louisville, is making an appeal for more recruits. Nearly three thousand men joined from Kentucky during the last two months, but more are needed at once for active service on the high seas.

"The Local Draft Boards have now received instructions to release men registered on June 5th, 1918, for ser-vice in the navy," said Lieut. H. H. Teach, the recruiting officer for Ken-tucky. "The War Department bulle-tin number one thirty five covers this point, and we hope that the young registrants will consider joining the naval forces. We can promise them service in a branch for which they are fitted by education and training. Nearly every trade is open, automo-bile mechanics, truck drivers, stenog-raphers, and painters, are among the many needed. All questions regard-ing the service will be gladly answered by mail or in person at our main of-fice at Louisville or at any of the sub-stations at Ashland, Covington, Lex-ington, Bowling Green, Owensboro, or Paducah."

The Adair County News, \$1.50 per year.

### Well Known Atlanta Woman Has Remarkable Recovery.

#### SICK FOR MANY MONTHS VI-TO-NA BROUGHT QUICK RELIEF.

GAINS 35 POUNDS.

"I had a hard fight for eight long months against rheumatism and kidney trouble," said Mrs. B. H. Babb, No. 6, Hillman Ave., Atlanta, Ga.

"Of course, I was sick a much longer time than that, but that first eight months almost finished me. I went down-hill so fast that I just had to give up and go to bed."

"To make bad matters worse, I had indigestion and stomach trouble, and couldn't eat to do any good. All this added to the terrible pains which ac-company kidney trouble, just made a helpless physical wreck of me. I couldn't sleep at nights, oh, it was something awful."

"Well, a friend of mine, Mrs. Cald-well, called to see me one day and told me about VI-TO-NA (Then known as Sal-Vi-Tal, but one and the same thing.)"

"She praised VI-TO-NA to me so until I decided to try it and sent for a bottle. Well, sir, it sure acted like magic with me. In a very short time I KNEW VI-TO-NA was just the thing I needed."

"I took four bottles, my rheuma-tism disappeared. I got up from my bed with no sign of kidney trouble and can now eat anything I want with no bad after effects. Have gain-ed 35 pounds and can do all my house work—At the same time feel just like a girl again."

"Take VI-TO-NA is my advice to all who are suffering as I was."

VI-TO-NA is on sale in Gradyville by Wilmore & Moss.

Exclusive agent in Columbia, Ky., Dr. J. N. Page.

### Markets.

Louisville, June 24—Cattle—Prime export steers \$15.16; heavy shipping 14@15.50; light \$12.14; heifers \$10.00@13.14; fat cows \$10.12; medium \$8.50 10; cutters \$7.18; canners \$6.17.50; bulls \$8@10.14; feeders \$9@12.50; stock-ers \$8 to \$10.50 choice milch cows \$9@11.10; medium \$7@9; common \$5@7.

Calves—Receipts 322 head. The mar-ket ruled steady. Best veals \$14@14.50 medium 11@14; common 7@11c.

Hogs—Receipts 4,944 head. Prices ruled 5c decline. The best hogs, 300 lbs up \$15.90; 165 to 300 \$16.15; 120 to 165 lbs. \$16.50; pigs \$16.35; roughs \$14.45; down.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 4,895 head, 50c lower were noted in prices; best sheep \$11.12; wethers \$9 down; best lambs \$18@18.14; seconds \$15@15.75.

Butter—Country 25@27c lb.

Eggs—Fresh, case count not sold candled 26 to 27c.

General Foch says they shall not pass. Do you want to pass, go farther and pay more? Then stop and price my goods. Men's Odd Pants, \$1.45, \$1.75 and \$1.90. Children's Wash Suits, 3 to 8 years, at \$1.48. Child's Odd Pants, 65 cents. Wire nails, at 51 cents; Collar Pads, at 55 cents each. If you come you will buy. If you buy you will save money.

34-2t. J. F. Neat, Near Fair Ground.

I keep on hands a full stock of coffins, caskets, and robes. I also keep Metallic Caskets, and Steel Boxes and two hearses. We keep extra large caskets. Prompt service night or day. Residence Phone 29, office phone 168. 45-1yt. J. F. Triplett, Columbia, Ky.

### Notice.

All parties who owe me are asked to please call and settle at once, as my bills are due, and I need the money.

34-2t. Julia Eubank.

### Glensfork.

Harvesting is in full blast in this community.

Miss Cora Kelsey, who has been in Illinois for a few weeks, at the bedside of her sister, Mrs. Henry Hudson, has notified her home folks that she will be home in a few days. Mrs. Hudson will accompany her.

Rev. Wrentmore, of Ohio, is conducting a revival meeting at the Christian church, this place.

## Columbia Motor Freight Co.

We Haul and Deliver your Freight, Daily, between Columbia and Campbellsville, Equipped with large Motor Trucks and New Freight Depot, opposite Post Office. All Country Freight delivered from new depot. Prompt and Courteous Service rendered our Patrons. We solicit your business.

### Columbia Motor Freight Co.,

Young & Hutchison, COLUMBIA, KENTUCKY.

## Campbellsville Hotel

Main and Depot Streets

W. H. WILSON, Prop.

We cater especially to Columbia and Adair County Folks.

Electric Lights, Baths, and Free Sample Room s.

CENTRALLY LOCATED.

RATES \$2.00 PER DAY.

Campbellsville, : : Kentucky.

Tandy Thomas and two sons, Ernest and Finis, left for the mountains last Monday morning.

Finis Rosenbaum and family, of Columbia, were visiting rela-tives and friends here last Sat-urday and Sunday.

Mrs. Ada Kelsey was shopping at Crocus last Wednesday.

Ray Strange and Dr. Jack Bolin, of this place, went to Har-rodtsburg last Wednesday where they will purchase new buggies.

Mrs. Annie B. Brockman, Mrs. May Morgan and Mrs. Bell Sam-uels, all of this place, were visit-ing Mrs. Ella Webb, of near here, one day last week.

The singing at this place, Sun-day evening, conducted by Prof. Darnell was largely attended.

John Kelsey and wife were visiting Ray Strange and wife last Sunday.

Uriah Morgan has about com-pleted his new dwelling.

Mrs. Belva Strange, little son and daughter were visiting at Crocus one day last week.

### Smith's Chapel.

The singing at this place was largely attended and had some fine singing.

Crops in this community are looking very well, considering the dry weather.

The school will open at this place will open the 8th day of July. Miss Cora Lee Montgom-ery will teach. Hope all the children will be ready to start and have a good school.

Everybody is busy. No time for play as wheat harvest is on hands.

The people in this community hear from the soldier boys and they are well and getting along fine.

Mr. Robert Smith has return-ed home well and looking fine.

Mrs. Allie Smith and children are visiting her brother and fam-ily at Louisville.

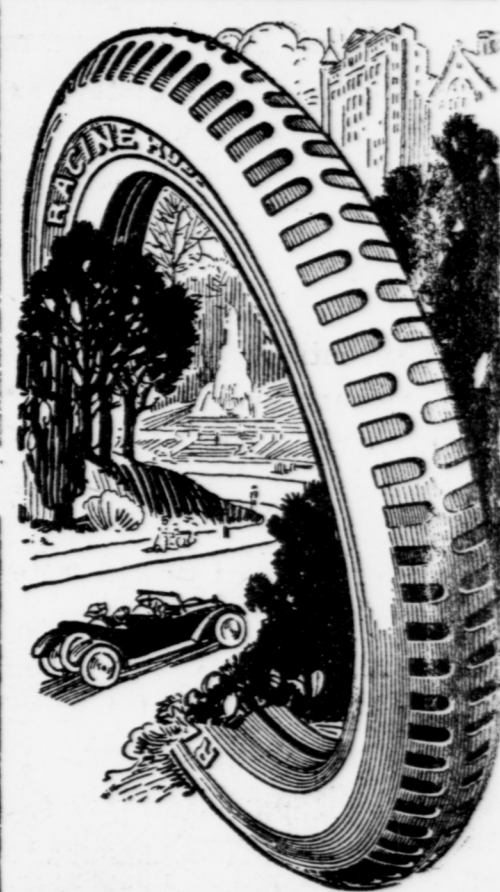
Howard Walker bought a fine mare from Mr. Tupman.

### Creelsboro.

The farmers are busy plowing and cutting wheat. All would enjoy a nice rain.

Mr. C. F. Dunbar and wife left for Russell Springs, today, where they will make their home for sometime. They will be greatly missed.

Mr. J. G. Thurston, of Burn-side, is visiting at this place now.



### Extra Value of Extra-Tested Tires

The extra value of the many extra tests to which Racine Country Road and Multi-Mile Cord Tires are sub-jected, shows in extra service on your car. Come in today. Let us show you why

### RACINE Country Road and Multi-Mile Cord TIRES

give you more for your money. For in-stance, a special extra test determines to which part of the tire each pound of rub-ber is best suited. Racine Country Road Tires—scientifically constructed and Extra-Tested for all-roads service. Racine Multi-Mile Cord Tires—real cord tire quality.

### Buchanan Lyon Co.

Incorporated Columbia, Kentucky.

For your own protection be cer-tain every Racine Tire you buy bears the name RACINE RUBBER CO. RACINE, WIS.

5000 Mile Guarantee

Miss A. M. Pearl Jones, of Burkesville is visiting at this place.

Mr. Charlie Smith and wife, of Burnside, are visiting relatives at Creelsboro.

Mr. E. A. Rabon, wife and lit-tle son were visiting relatives near Inroad Sunday.

The Red Cross meeting at Melson Ridge church Sunday, was largely attended. Lots of dinner and everybody enjoyed the day fine.

There will be a Red Cross meeting at Union Chapel July 4.

Mr. Earl Krear, wife and ba-by, of Ohio, are visiting at this place. We are glad to meet them again.

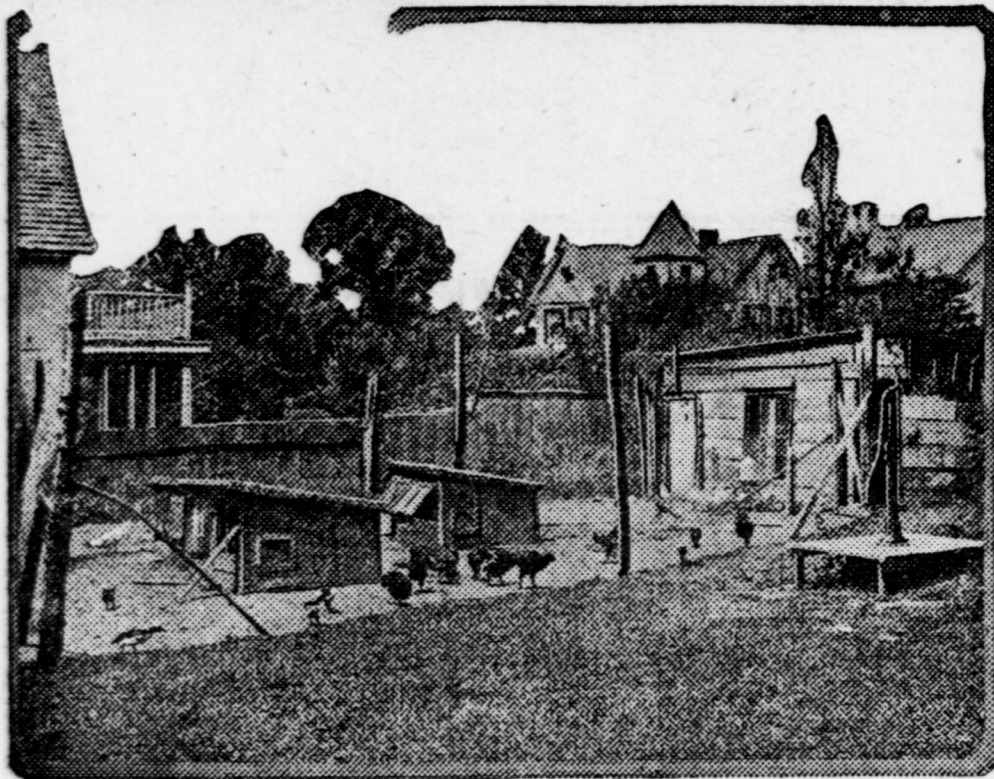
Miss Mabel Rabon was visit-ing Rebo Buster Sunday.

Misses Sadie and Cressie Thurston were visiting Miss Ma-bel Rabon Saturday.



## Yards For Chickens

Prepared by the U. S. Department of Agriculture



Free Range Is Best for Chickens, but They Can Be Kept Successfully in Small Yards in the City.

In most places where poultry is kept it is necessary to have yards inclosed by suitable fences which will confine the birds. When it is possible, however, to allow the chickens to have free range, this is the best and most economical way of keeping them.

Fences dividing the land into yards increase the cost of equipment, labor and maintenance, and there should be as few fences as possible, as land can be cultivated and kept sweet more easily if not fenced, and the value of fresh, sweet land for poultry can hardly be overestimated. A grass sward can be maintained on good soil by allowing 200 to 250 square feet of land per bird (217 or 174 birds to the acre), while more space is necessary on poor or light land. A larger number of fowls are usually kept to the acre where double yards are used, and the land is frequently cultivated. Plymouth Rocks and the heavy meat birds in small yards require fences five to six feet high, while a fence six to seven feet high is necessary for Leghorns. The upper two feet of the fence for the latter may be inclined inward at an angle of 30 degrees, or a strand or two of barbed wire may be used on top of the regular wire to help keep them confined, while it is sometimes necessary to clip the flight feathers of one wing of those birds which persist in getting out. It is not advisable to use a board or strip along the top of the fence, as hens will often fly over one so constructed.

## Produce Food, Mr. Town Man

Get Blistered and a Clean Conscience

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Speaking of food—how much of what you eat do you help to produce by your own work? Farms need labor. The difficulty is not an insufficiency of actual man power. There are plenty of men to supply the farms with help. But that man power is applied to other things and the farms will not be adequately supplied with help unless men turn temporarily from their present business or employment and work on farms in their county during the rush periods of cultivation and harvest.

If we were not at war you might feel free to disregard this as your personal duty. But we are at war; this is a war need, and you are not free to disregard it.

It is the duty of every strong man of farm experience or of farm aptitude, who is not now engaged in work of war value, and not engaged in work to which his personal attention is constantly indispensable, to go to farms in the agricultural territory adjacent to his town when farm labor needs are urgent and help produce the food crops which are essential to war winning.

You eat every day. Some man's hard work produced that food. Our soldiers in France must eat and somebody's hard work must produce that food. If you are so situated that you can help produce this food it is your duty to do so.

Get in touch with the county agent of the United States department of agriculture and the state agricultural college or write the state agricultural college if you cannot get in personal touch with nearby farmers who need help. Lay off your present job or get away from your present business for a few days or a few weeks as you are needed. You'll lose money and weight. You'll gain blisters, sore muscles and a clear conscience.

## British Food Experts Tell How Potato Butter Is Made

Butter, which formerly was an exclusive product of the cow, will in future be made from nuts and potatoes. The latest substitute to compete with the bovine nectar of the meadow and the silo has been announced by the conservation department of the United States food administration to be potato butter.

From the home of the "magna charta" comes a recommendation by the British ministry of food that potato butter can be made for ten cents a pound. Here is the modus operandi: "Peel the potatoes. Boil until they fall to pieces and become floury. Rub them through a fine sieve into a warmed basin. To 14 ounces of potatoes add two ounces of butter or margarine and one tablespoonful of salt. Stir until smooth. Mold into rolls. Keep in a cool place. Use butter coloring to improve the appearance. If intended to be kept more than a few days, use butter preservative."

## Burbank's Liberty Wheat Gives Promise That Bread Is to Be More Abundant

As Luther Burbank has not been in the habit of indulging in baseless sensations, the announcement from Santa Rosa that, after eleven years of experimentation, he has evolved a wheat plant which will yield an average of forty bushels to the acre of grain possessing a high percentage of gluten becomes news of first importance, asserts a writer in the New York World.

Although the wheat crop of the United States is greater than that of any other nation, the average yield to the acre has always been comparatively small. Some years ago it did not exceed twelve bushels. Taking into account what Mr. Burbank has done in the matter of potatoes, apples and plums, to say nothing of flowers, as to which he has almost wrought miracles, we may easily accept in face value whatever he has to say in regard to cereals.

Wheat flour has become so vital as a food of civilization that strenuous efforts have been made to extend the acreage and by more careful methods of tillage to increase the average product. Thus far, however, in spite of agitation and instruction, such results as have been gained must be attributed more to favorable seasons than to intensified cultivation. What a wizard of horticulture has achieved in the wonderful climate of California may not be repeated by everybody else under less favorable conditions, but his discovery is full of promise that some day the bread of the world is to be more abundant. The man who wins that triumph will be entitled to stand in the front rank of those who are to conquer the earth for liberty and democracy.

## Facts Worth Knowing.

Chinese raise stags for their horns, which are cut off when soft and used in the manufacture of native medicines. Dogwood root is said to be the source of the "Indian Red" which the original Americans used for dyeing their feathers and plumes. A Swedish engineer's stoking device makes 1.3 tons of pulverized peat produce as much power in locomotives as a ton of coal. The peanut is a substantial food, six ounces of shelled peanuts being said to possess a food value of 2.3 ounces of round steak, five ounces codfish, one ounce rice, 4.2 ounces rye bread, 35.5 ounces spinach, 5.1 ounces apples, or six ounces bacon.

## Soap and Fertilizer From Insects.

Locusts are plentiful in Uruguay and the farmers of that republic are compelled to keep up a constant war against them. Millions of these destructive insects are killed every year. Recently it was learned that soap, fertilizer and lubricating oil may be obtained from the dead locusts, and in the future they will be utilized.—Popular Science Monthly.

## THRIFT VALUABLE IN PEACE TIMES

While the success of the War Savings campaign is a necessity as a measure of war, it is just as important as a peace measure. The person who invests in War Savings Stamps does not merely help win the war, but he exercises a creditable and profitable foresight. If the present War Savings campaign should fail, it would greatly cheer the Kaiser and his Potsdam crew. That is the unanswerable reason why it must succeed. That is why every loyal Kentuckian must enlist in the army of savers.

## LIBERTY LOAN WORKERS

McAdoo Asks Assistance of Men and Women Who Made Success of Great Bond Campaign.

A greater number of individuals than ever before known own Government bonds as a result of your splendid work during the Third Liberty Loan campaign.

The number of the stockholders in the Government should be still further increased through the sale of War Savings Stamps, and the teaching of thrift and economy and the necessity for conserving labor and material should be continued.

Friday, June 28, has been designated as National War Savings Day, when a special effort will be made throughout the nation to secure pledges from every American to save and economize and to purchase War Savings Stamps.

I earnestly desire that Liberty Loan workers shall render all assistance possible to War Savings committees in this campaign. The more thoroughly the necessity for individual saving and economy is brought home to the people of the nation, the easier will be our work in future Liberty Bond issues, the more quickly and adequately can the army and navy be equipped and the more certain will be the future welfare and prosperity of our people.

May I beg you to do everything in your power to enlist every American as a patriotic War Saver and owner of War Savings Stamps? (Signed) W. G. McADOO.

## COUNCIL OF DEFENSE IS CO-OPERATING WITH US

To the Several State Councils of Defense:

The Chairman of the National War Savings Committee has written us, to enlist the assistance of the State Councils of Defense in the intensive thrift campaign which culminates on National War Savings Day—Friday, June 28. A copy of his letter is enclosed. We have assured him, on your behalf, that the State Councils of Defense will lend their full efforts. If you have not already done so, will you not confer with the War Savings Director of your State, in order to arrange that the help given by you and your Local Councils of Defense shall harmonize with his plans.

The object of this campaign is to make every individual in the United States an owner of Thrift or War Savings Stamps, and pledged in the future systematically to purchase as much as he can.

The stamp selling plan is directly in line with the campaign for thrift and economy which was advocated by the Council of National Defense in its resolution of May 6, and on which you are now engaged.

Very truly yours, (Signed) ARTHUR H. FLEMING, Chief of Section.

## BRINGING THE WAR HOME

Now that Germany has extended her policy of frightfulness and brought her U-boat warfare to the coasts of this country, there should no longer be any American unwilling or unprepared to do his utmost to settle, once for all, this diabolical and fiendish power.

If Germany had deliberately sought for a method which would do more to stir this country and bring it to its senses and to a resolution to gather all its strength, she could have found no better means than to have sent her submarine to prey off the ships of our coast. The sinking of American vessels almost within sight of our coast line, by German submarines is, or ought to be, sufficient proof to any American that we are not safe from the ravages of war even though we are removed 3,000 miles from the conflict.

The presence of German submarines off our coast is a positive challenge to every American. President Wilson's proclamation calling for enlistments in the War Savings army on or before June 28th offers the opportunity for a good rousing American answer to that German challenge. The National War Savings committee wants to know what kind of an answer the people of Kentucky are going to give to this latest German atrocity.

## ROBERTSON COUNTY ALIVE AND STIRRING

This is the way Chairman W. T. Kenton, of Robertson county, puts it in his campaign:

We're with you, Mr. President; watch us! The campaign opened Monday, June 10th, and before it closes every home in Robertson county will be canvassed.

## PRESIDENT CALLS ON ALL LOYAL MEN

LET NONE BE UNENLISTED ON DAY SET APART FOR STAMP SALE

FRIDAY, JUNE TWENTY-EIGHT

Great Opportunity Offered to Help Win the War By Signing the Pledge in Response to Wishes of Our Leader in Great Struggle for Democracy.

The President of the United States has called upon the loyal men and women of America to pledge themselves to save for victory. He has issued an earnest appeal to all Americans to buy War Savings Stamps as regularly as possible, investing in this form of security the money saved through avoiding needless expenditures.

"The 28th of June ends this special period of enlistment in the greatest volunteer army of production and saving here at home. MAY THERE BE NONE UNENLISTED ON THAT DAY."

What loyal American will refuse to respond to this appeal issued by the executive head of this nation and the commander-in-chief of our armed forces?

We have the opportunity to enlist in this "volunteer army of production and saving." In Germany it is a matter of compulsion. The iron hand of the German autocracy forces it harshly upon the German people, depriving them not merely of luxuries, but of the bare necessities of life. We are asked in America to voluntarily postpone our needless luxuries so that our soldiers and sailors may not lack their necessary equipment. What the German nation does under rigid compulsion, certainly Americans will do in a mild way voluntarily. It is unthinkable that there is a man, woman or child in America who will refuse to sign the pledge to save and to invest a portion of the savings in War Savings Stamps.

We must respond to the President's solemn appeal—we must sign the pledges, not because we feel forced to, but because it is an opportunity for us to help win the war. The pledges should be signed cheerfully, willingly, gratefully.

When the war is over and the period of readjustment sets in, then will the wisdom and the soundness of the War Savings movement become strikingly apparent to all. There is now more money in circulation than ever before in the history of the world, and this condition is likely to prevail after the war is over. But it is not the nation which has merely money that will have the advantage in the coming days of reconstruction, but rather the nation which has the most available supply of goods and material of all kinds.

When an individual invests in War Savings Stamps he is not merely saving money. He is saving, in reality, the material which he would otherwise have bought. It is not lack of money that worries Germany—it is the lack of necessary materials. A government can practically create money, but it can not create material.

When the war is over it is predicted that all nations will compete in South American and Oriental trade. If America—at present the nation of greatest resources—conserves her resources—she will naturally be in a position after the war to dominate international trade and maintain the national prosperity. But if we continue to squander goods at the same time that we double our demands by supplying the Government for war purposes, we are wasting labor and material of which we will be in sore need after the war.

## DON'T WAIT EVEN A DAY

The attention of every War Savings Stamp worker in Kentucky is directed in particular to one point brought out in President Wilson's appeal urging the purchase of War Savings Stamps. The President says:

"I earnestly appeal to every man, woman and child to pledge themselves on or before June 28th." Clearly this means that pledges should be secured from this date on and including June 28.

War Savings workers are urged to make it clear that while June 28th is War Savings Pledge Day, and while the supreme effort for the securing of pledges will be made on that day, the campaign is in reality on from this time forward—meaning from now to and including June 28.

## WHAT AM I DOING?

Ask yourself this question: "What am I doing toward helping my country win the war?" If you are not doing something don't you think you are a very lukewarm American?

The Government doesn't ask very much of you. It merely asks you to do without unnecessary things and invest your money saved thereby in securities. You can buy War Savings Stamps and assist the Nation.

Remember that every time you buy a War Savings Stamp, which is redeemable in gold in 1923, you are firing a shot at Berlin.

## Automobile Line.

The Regular Line from Columbia to Campbellsville is owned and operated by W. E. Noe. He has in his employ safe and reliable drivers.

Transportation can be had at any hour at reasonable rates.

Address,

W. E. NOE, Columbia, Ky.

## G. R. REED

FIRE AND LIFE

## INSURANCE

"The Service Agency."

Columbia, Kentucky.

## Real Estate Bought and Sold

FARMING LANDS

If you want to sell your farm to the best advantage, see our contract and list with us at once. If you want a farm or other real estate, let us figure with you and for you. Oil Land Leases bought and sold. Abstracts furnished.

C. G. Jeffries Realty Co., Columbia, Ky.

Jeffries Hotel.

## Louisville--Old Inn Hotel

Incorporated

EUROPEAN PLAN

\$1.00 and Up Rooms Without Bath.

\$1.50 and Up Rooms With

300 ROOMS

Equipped throughout with Automatic Sprinklers the best Fire Protection Known to Insurance Engineers.

Louisville, - - - Kentucky.

6th & Main Streets.

EVERYTHING IN

## ROOFING

Asphalt, Gravel, Rubber, Galvanized and Painted.

Also Ellwood and American Fence.

Steel Fence Posts

DEHLER BROS. CO.

Incorporated

116 East Market Street Between First and Brook

Louisville, Ky.

## Fred G. Jones & Co.

INCORPORATED

Brook & A. Streets

LOUISVILLE, KY.

WHOLESALE

Doors

Windows

Mouldings

Porch Columns

Stairways

General Building Material

Will Send Catalog on Request.

## Columbia Barber Shop

LOY & LOWE

A Sanitary Shop, where both Satisfaction and Gratification are Guaranteed.

Give us a Trial and be Convinced.



# SKETCHES OF ADAIR COUNTY.

Historical and Biographical that Will be of Interest to all Readers of the News.

BY JUDGE H. C. BAKER.

No. 21.

## ADAIR COUNTY IN THE WAR OF 1812-1815.

There was, also, attached to this army a battalion under Major Henry Rennick and another under Major Toussaint Dubois. The entire force was under the command of Gen. Samuel Hopkins, whose headquarters were at Vincennes, Indiana. The troops were marched from Louisville to Vincennes, and on October 10th. General Hopkins set out at their head to attack the towns of the Kickapoo and Peoria Indians, which were upon the Illinois river. The former was about eighty miles and the latter about one and twenty miles from Vincennes. After crossing over the Wabash river, it was discovered that the guides were unacquainted with the country and the soldiers suspected them of treachery. The food and forage gave out, and the men became greatly dissatisfied with the leadership of General Hopkins, and evidently their officers coincided with them in their views. The reasons for their discontent and dissatisfaction have not been remembered, but taking advantage of the fact that their term of enlistment had expired on the 18th day of October, on the 20th, they openly mutinied and refused to proceed further or to obey any command of General Hopkins. Hopkins called for five hundred volunteers, who would continue the campaign, but not a man volunteered. The army then proceeded to march back to Vincennes and reached Fort Harrison, near Terre Haute, on the 25th. Hopkins followed after them and at this point disbanded and discharged them. Here he organized another army of three regiments of Kentucky militia, of which Colonels Phillip Barbour, Nicholas Miller and Wilcox were the commanders, respectively. Many of the Adair county men reenlisted in these regiments, which, during the month of November following, returned to the country of the Indians and destroyed the Prophets Town, consisting of one hundred and sixty houses and containing all the Indian's winter store of provisions. They, also, destroyed other towns and villages of the Indians and returned to Vincennes on November 25th.

There is no record extant of the membership of Col. Wilcox's regiment. Probably many of the members of Capt. Butler's company served in this regiment. A tradition has existed in the Montgomery family, in Adair county, that the William Montgomery, who appears on the roll of Capt. Butler's company, was at the burning of the Prophets Town. Evidently, after the discharge of Capt. Butler's company at Fort Harrison, Wm. Montgomery enlisted and served to the end of the war in some other regiments or regiment, since the writer has heard Robert M. Montgomery and Capt.

Cyrus Montgomery, when they were very aged men, relate that this William Montgomery was their brother, and after they had returned from the New Orleans campaign to Adair county, in the summer of 1815, that their brother was then serving as a soldier some where in the North Western country, and had not at that time returned to his home since he had departed as a member of Capt. Butler's company, in September, 1812, but that during the fall of the year, 1815, while the family was sitting before the fire at night, with the doors of the house closed, the family dog gave warning of the approach of some one by barking, and in a moment they could hear footsteps approaching the door of the house. The mother sprang up and clapping her hands together, and in an excited voice, cried out: "There is William." The door was opened and sure enough it was William. CAPT. THOMAS W. ATKINSON'S CO.

Of the troops which rendezvoused at Newport, Kentucky, on August 31st, 1813, and which composed the army which Governor Shelby led to Canada, and which fought the battles of the Thames and performed the other services in that campaign, was the company from Adair county, which was commanded by Capt. Thomas W. Atkinson. This company was a part of Col. Henry Renick's regiment of Volunteer Mounted Militia. The officers of the company, besides Thomas W. Atkinson, Captain, were Joseph M. Hays, lieutenant, Elijah Stapp, Jr., ensign; John H. Sneed, Geo. E. Elliott, Gabriel Jones, and Aaron Trabue, 1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th sergeants, respectively; while Benjamin Smites, James Edmund, James Armes and Lyngum Selby were the 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th corporals, respectively. The private soldiers of the company were Solomon Armstrong, John Ashworth, Sherwood Atkinson, Wm. Bennett, Joseph Bishop, Isaac Bradshaw, Alexander Bryant, John Bryant, Wm. Caldwell, Jesse Clark, Chas. Coates, James Coates, John Creel, Chapman Dohoney, David Doke, Hiram Hancock, John Harrison, Michael Harrison, Wm. Hayes, Zachariah Holladay, Robert M. Johnson, James Jones, Marshall Kemp, Wm. Lawson, Michael McKinley, Wm. P. Moss, Richard Perkins, Gideon H. Price, Wm. R. Price, Benjamin B. Ray, Isaac Robertson, Henry Rollen (probably Roland) Nicholas Selby, Daniel Self, Haskins Trabue, Jesse White, John White, and George Young.

Col. Henry Renick was a citizen of Barren county and his regiment, including Capt. Atkinson's company, was organized at Urbana, Ohio, on August 31st, 1813. The arms and supplies for the regiment were furnished from an arsenal at Newport, Ky. Lieut. Joseph M. Hays and Sherwood Atkinson, of Capt. Atkinson's company, were the adjutant and quartermaster, respectively, of the regiment. The regiment was brigaded with Col. Micah Taul's regiment, of Monticello, Ky., and commanded by Brigadier-General John E. King, of Burkesville, Ky. The regiment arrived at Gen. Wm. H. Harrison's headquarters at the mouth of the Portage river, on Lake Erie, on the 11th or 12th of September, 1813, just as the

prisoners which had been taken in the battle of Lake Erie were being disembarked from Commodore Perry's vessels. The regiment was embarked in small boats and transported to one of the Sister Islands, where it was encamped for two or three days. From this Island it was removed to Canada and engaged in the battle of the Thames on October 5th, 1813. On the 10th of October, the regiment arrived at Sandwich, Canada, opposite Detroit, Michigan. In a few days it arrived at Portage, where its horses had been left and it departed from Portage on its return to Kentucky on October 21st, 1813.

It will be observed that Thomas W. Atkinson, David Doke, Zachariah Holladay, Robert M. Johnson and Richard Perkins had already served in the company of which Capt. John Butler was captain, in a campaign in Indiana and Illinois, while Wm. R. Price, Michael McKinley, Wm. Lawson, Hiram Hancock, Jesse Clark, John Bryant and John White had already seen service in the same war as members of Capt. John W. Shirley's company, which made a campaign in Ohio. The members of Capt. Atkinson's company have all long ago joined the silent majority, but many of them left descendants, whose posterity yet reside in Adair county. The writer personally knew but one of these soldiers, George Young, who resided for many years and died in the decade between 1870 and 1880, upon a farm upon the waters of Glensfork, of Russell, Capt. Thomas W. Atkinson was a lawyer, as appears from the records of the courts. Chapman Dohoney resided near Milltown and in after years became a very

prominent citizen of the county, and on several occasions represented the county in the lower house of the General Assembly. CAPT. ROBT. PAXTON'S COMPANY.

A company of soldiers, which was enlisted for the war of 1812, from Adair county and which served in the campaign in Louisiana, was that of Capt. Robert Paxton. This company was a part of the regiment of which William Mitchisson was the colonel, and was discharged on May 20th, 1815, in Louisiana. The officers of the company were Robert Paxton, Captain; Daniel Bibb, lieutenant; William Rhea, ensign; William P. Montgomery, Campbell Gilmore, Isham Ready, Alexander Brownlee, and James Armes were the sergeants; and Archibald Rhea, Asa Jones, Wm. Hogan, and Anthony Davis were corporals. Allen Miller was wagon master. The other members of the company were Richard Atwell, Franklin Berry, Nathan Butler, Peter Buckingham, Wm. Baker, Thompson Barnett, Wm. Broner (most probably Brawner), Armstrong Byes, Robert Batron, John Calhoun, James Cunningham, Andrew Caldwell, James Duncan, Joseph Dobson, Robert Dobson, John Farris, John Gillingham, Wm. Gooch, Wm. Goode, Stephen Hampton, John Harvey, Campbell Hayes, James I. Hays, Andrew E. Hays, James Hunt, James Hays, Nathan Hogan, Thomas Helton, John Hogan, Samuel Isaacs, Berry James, Jesse Lampton, Abraham Lumpkin, Peter Lisle, Vincent Lisle, Isaac Lemmons, Robert M. Montgomery, Wm. Morr, Cyrus Montgomery, Micajah Mosby, Wm. McDaniel, Wm. McKinley, Samuel Matthews, Joseph W. McMillan, John Morris, Elly Ormes

# REASONABLE PRICES

We Now Have a Full Stock of Binders, Mowers, Rakes and and Repairs, at Reasonable Prices.

## A Full Stock of Wagons, All Sizes, Prices Reasonable

We'll say in regard to above that Reasonable Prices in our Judgment can not be offered very long even by ourselves. Will be glad to quote to any of our friends at at time, and still gladder to sell you.

We have Wire and Wire Fence quite a full stock for these war times Prices Reasonable.

And our Clothing and Shoe stock is a wonder for the times. We have "Old Fashion" Wool Clothes at Old Fashion Prices. Nifty Styles for Boys and Sensible Genteel Styles for Men Folks.

Ginghams and Calicos in the Dry Goods Lines at prices that will please our Lady friends. Also a nice stock of Summer Goods: Voils, Lawns and the Whole Family.

WOODSON LEWIS, Greensburg, Ky.

## The Louisville Trust CO.

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits Over One Million Dollars.

Acts as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Agent Committee and Trustee, and can qualify as such in any County in the State.

Pays 3 per cent, per Annum on Time Deposits.

JOHN STITES, President. ANGELUEA GRAY, Treas. A. G. STITH, Sec.

Jr., Nathan Ormes, Jr., Elly Ormes, Nathan Ormes, Robert Price, Wm. Riley, Joseph Russell, John Ray, John Raffity, Isaac Smith, Chas. Skaggs, Thomas Smith, Samuel Smith, Wm. Stearman, Absalom Tribble, John D. White, Willis Waggoner, John C. White, Charles Wheeler, Abraham Woodward, Thomas Wilson and John White.

This company was mustered at a spring, which is near the present residence of Wm. B. Rowe, about three miles from Columbia, and near the highway which leads from Columbia to Burkesville. The company took its departure for the war from that place. Campbell Gilmore or Gilmer, who was the second sergeant of the company, acted in the role of musician for the company when it marched away from its place of rendezvous, Gilmer played upon his fife the tune of the old hymn, "Guide Me, O Thou Great Jehovah, a Pilgrim in this Barren." On account of the circumstances the music is said to have made a very profound impression upon all of the persons who were present.

To be continued next week.

There are two ways to win this war. The first is to work hard, and the other one is to keep at it.

A dispatch from Paris states that the people of France not only have for long had the greatest confidence in General Foch, but that this opinion has been strengthened since the latter was made generalissimo. This is, we think, important. The French are desperately anxious that Paris shall be saved from the invader, but General Foch, while making it plain that he expects to be able to save Paris, has made it equally clear that nothing will deter him from striking a mortal blow at the German army, should an opportunity present itself. In other words, General Foch will give up even Paris to advance the general cause, and Paris accepts that decision without contention.—Evening Post.

### Hogwallow News.

Luke Mathews, who has always led a prudent and careful life, has a boy that is learning to be a trick bicyclist.

Fletcher Henstep has swapped a calf for a shot gun and a song book, both of which he will need if he tries to sing.

The Excelsior Fiddling Band has received a new piece of printed music and now they will not have to play altogether by hearsay.



## OUR LITTLE HOUR

Our little hour—how swift it flies  
When poppies flare and lilies smile;  
How soon the fleeting minute dies,  
Leaving us but a little while  
To dream our dream, to sing our song,  
To pick the fruit, to pluck the flower,  
The gods—they do not give us long—  
Our little hour.

Our little hour—how short a time  
To wage our wars, to fan our hates,  
To take our fill of armored crime,  
To troop our banners, storm the gates,  
Blood on the sword, our eyes blood-red,  
Kind in our puny reign of power,  
Do we forget how soon is sped  
Our little hour?

Our little hour—how soon it dies;  
How short a time to tell our beads,  
To chant our feeble litanies,  
To think sweet thoughts, to do good  
deeds.  
The altar lights grow pale and dim,  
The bells hang silent in the tower—  
So passes with the dying hymn  
Our little hour.

—Leslie Coulson, in London Poetry Review.

## Mother's Cook Book

A grindstone that had not the grit in it,  
How long would it take to sharpen an ax?  
And affairs that had not grit in them,  
How long would they take to make a man?  
—H. W. Beecher.

## Ways With Vegetables.

We tire of certain vegetables because they are served so often in the same way, until we grow to dislike them. "Variety is the spice of life," and every housewife should endeavor to put a little of this spice into everything she does. The individual is unfortunate who has been spoiled by a monotonous diet, for enjoying all kinds of foods, especially vegetables, which are so valuable to keep the body in good health.

## Simple Cabbage Salad.

Shred a small cabbage, add a small amount of celery and a bit of chopped onion and pour over the cabbage the following dressing hot: Beat two egg yolks, add two tablespoonfuls of water, a tablespoonful of butter melted, a dash of salt and cayenne, and a quarter of a cupful of vinegar. Cook this over hot water and pour over the cabbage, stirring it over the heat until well heated, then serve hot.

## Onions Stuffed With Rice.

Parboil a sufficient quantity of onions of even size, remove the centers and chop fine; mix the chopped onions with cooked, seasoned rice, season with butter and salt with a few dashes of cayenne, stuff the onions and bake, basting with good stock or butter and water. Serve as a garnish around a platter of chops. Any sweet butter substitute may be used in place of butter, in cooking. Sausage, leftover meats of various kinds, bread crumbs and nut meats, as well as cheese, all make good filling for stuffed onions.

Cabbage cooked with an onion finely chopped and served with a white sauce, is a good dish to add to ways of serving vegetables.

Onions and cabbage have the largest share of abuse given to the ordinary vegetables, as there are some who fail to digest them, while others object to their strong flavor. They are both rich in mineral salts, and acids, give bulk to food, as the roughage is necessary to aid in digestion, and are all-around desirable foods to serve, worthy of more attention.

## Stuffed Cabbage.

Remove the heart of a small cabbage head, drop into boiling water and cook until tender. Cut in to the center in triangular pieces and pour over the well-drained vegetable a white sauce made rich with a cupful or more of finely chopped rich cheese.

—Nellie Maxwell

## Flunky Wastes Own Time as Well as That of Others

The feeling that idleness is a crime under present conditions is rapidly spreading all over the country. A sheriff in Sherman, Tex., recently announced that every man in his jurisdiction would either go to work or go to jail. The Ku Klux Klan recently reappeared in Birmingham, Ala., with a warning to all idlers. Several states have recently passed laws providing that every able-bodied man must work so many hours a day, and many towns and cities have begun to enforce laws to the same effect.

But the idea that superfluous and unnecessary work is worse than idleness does not seem to have made so much progress. Yet it is patently true, writes Frederick J. Haskin, in Springfield Union. The flunky wastes not only his own time but often also the time and money of those he serves. The man who takes a job that a woman could hold is not only neglecting the work he should do, but is depriving some woman of the independent income that might release another man.

## Automobiles Climb Fences.

In many parts of the West and Southwest where automobiles are numerous it is becoming common to drive one's car over a fence instead of stopping to open a gate, drive through, and then shut it. The new and quicker method is made possible by the construction of inclines which make it an easy matter to mount to the top of the barrier and then descend on the other side. The inclines are usually composed of two tracks, set the proper distance apart for automobile wheels and supported by posts.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

## THE THINGS THAT COUNT

Now, dear, it isn't the bold things,  
Great deeds of valor and might,  
That count the most in the summing up  
of life at the end of the day.  
But it is the doing of old things,  
Small acts that are just and right;  
And doing them over and over again, no  
matter what others say;  
In smiling at fate when you want to cry,  
and in keeping at work when you  
want to play—  
Dear, those are the things that count.

And, dear, it isn't the new ways,  
Where the wonder-seekers crowd,  
That lead us into the land of content, or  
help us to find our own.  
But it is keeping to true ways,  
Though the music is not so loud,  
And there may be many a shadowed spot  
where we journey along alone;  
In floating a prayer at the face of fear,  
and in changing into a song a groan—  
Dear, these are the things that count.

My dear, it isn't the loud part  
Of creeds that is pleasing to God,  
Nor the chant of a prayer, or the hum of  
a hymn, or a jubilant shout or song.  
But it is the beautiful proud part  
Of walking with feet faith-shod:  
And in loving, loving, loving through all,  
no matter how things go wrong;  
In trusting ever, though dark the day, and  
in keeping your hope when the way  
seems long—  
Dear, these are the things that count.  
—Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

## Bathing Is a Luxury, Not a Necessity, According to Arctic Explorer's Theory

It is not essential to one's health that one bathe frequently, according to the hypothesis expounded by Vilhjalmur Stefansson, the arctic explorer, in a philosophical discussion of scurvy in the Medical Review of Reviews. Mr. Stefansson asserts bathing is purely an esthetic principle and that the value of cleanliness to health has not been established by the medical practitioners.

Mr. Stefansson's pronouncement will be greeted with jubilation by the elements which possess an ingrown dislike for hydrogen and oxygen in proportions of two to one. It has been accepted as dogmatic by the Mexican pelados for years, who as a religious function, bathe only on St. John's day, which is celebrated early in May.

"Much of what the ordinary practitioner tells you about 'bathing for health' is either not yet demonstrated as true or else is demonstrably untrue," declares Mr. Stefansson. "The fact is that, according to the point of view, cleanliness is a matter of esthetics or else of taboo observance rather than of health."

The explorer makes an apology in the article for his attack on medical orthodoxy by declaring he has been divorced from medical books and journals for more than ten years. Mr. Stefansson wrote the treatise while in the arctic region in 1916. He was reported as dangerously ill from typhoid fever on Herschel island.

## SUMMER SMILES

## Bristled Right Up.

"Miss Jones," said the hostess, "permit me to introduce Mr. Hogg, author of those delightfully clever poems you must have read."

"I am glad to meet Mr. Hogg," said the young woman. "Pardon the question, but is that your real name?"

"Certainly," said Hogg, bristling up. "Did you think it was my pen name?"

## The Disagreeable Man!

"Are you still taking painting lessons, Jack?"

"No; I left off yesterday. I don't like my master."

"Why not?"

"He has such a disagreeable way of talking. He told me that if I kept on for some time longer I might, with a certain amount of help, be able to whitewash a fence."

—German Buttons Will Be Easier.

"There's one thing about those heavy German metal helmets."

"What is it?"

"No soldier is likely to try to carry more than a dozen or so of them home for souvenirs."

—Teacher's Orders.

"Here, ma," requested the boy, hurrying in from school, "hang my jacket up behind the stove."

"Is it wet?"

"No, but teacher sent me home to tell you to warm my jacket for me."

—Identical Thoughts.

"Do you and your wife ever think the same?"

"When I'm out late at the club we do. She keeps thinking what she'll say when I get home, and so do I."

—Distinguishing Mark.

"This check is doubtless all right," said the bank cashier politely, "but have you anything about you that would serve to identify you?"

"I have a mole on my left elbow," faltered the pretty girl.

—In the Boarding-House.

"We never get quantity for more than one help apiece from the kitchen."

"Well, you couldn't expect anything to be repeated by a dumb waiter could you?"

## MEMORIAL SERVICE.

To be Held at

ZOLLICOFFER PARK, JUNE 30th, 1818.

F. O. Taylor, President.

James Daulton, Treas.

Rev. W. F. Beasley, V. Pres.

Sterling Hudson, Ass't Treas

O. C. Harris, Secretary.

Rev. J. E. Tyler, Ass't Sec'y.

Called to Order by the President.

Devotional Exercises

Rev. W. F. Beasley.

Address of Welcome

O. C. Harris.

Present Need

Jundge R. C. Tartar.

The Object of This Meeting

Hon. E. T. Wesley.

The Cause of and Why We Should Win This War

Hon. J. N. Meadows,

Hon. J. R. Cook.

## NOON INTERMISSION.

Address

Hon. Bennett H. Young.

Why We Should Subscribe to the Red Cross

The State President.

and

R. L. Brown.

Music by Red Cross and Y. M. C. A., State President of Y. M. C. A.

Our Remembrance of the Southern Patriots

John W. Colyer.

Virgil P. Smith.

Why Should We Train the Young Men for Military

Service

Ex-Supt. Public Instruction, Barksdale Hamlett.

Closing Address

Rev. F. O. Taylor.

All bring dinner, a jug of water and wreath of roses for the

park.

Counselor of the meeting, Judge R. C. Tartar.

Cordial invitation is extended to all.

## Great Lakes Naval Training Station Band

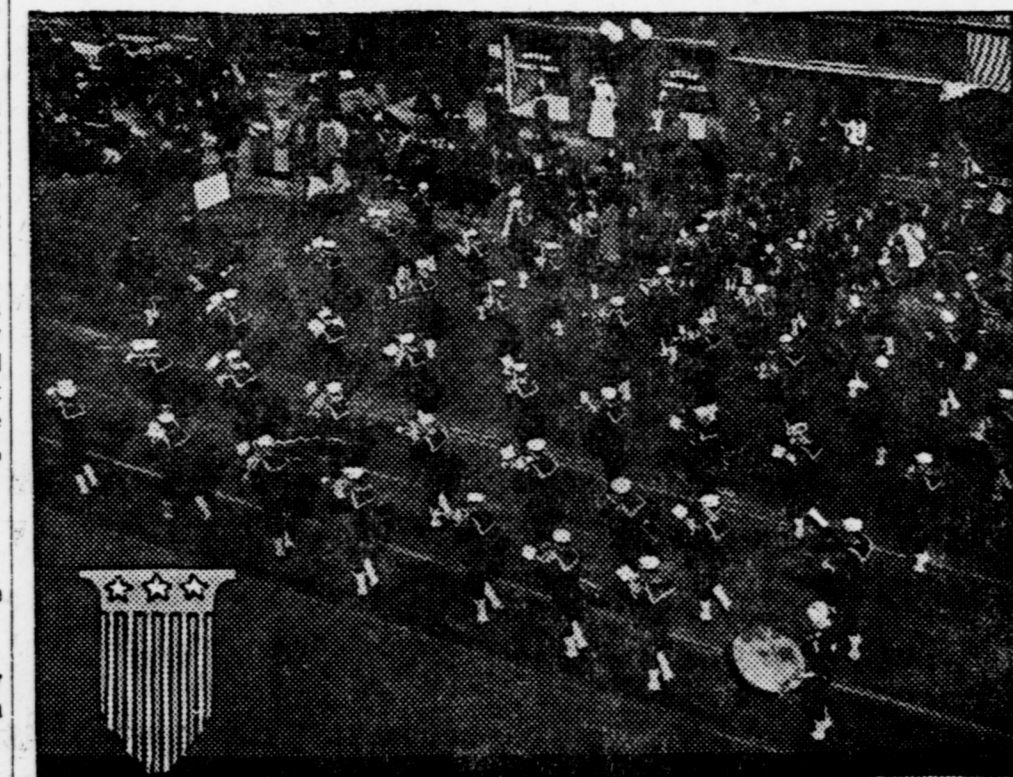
Famous Military Musical Organization Which Aided in Third Liberty Loan and Red Cross Drives

In the Third Liberty Loan campaign and the Red Cross drive it was the part of the Great Lakes Naval Training Station band to play the dollars out of people's pockets and into our war chest. Its success is the subject of nationwide comment today. Capt. William A. Moffett, commandant of the Great Lakes Naval Training station, had a big vision when he originated this band. Today this vision is reality, for the band has grown into one of the greatest single elements for constructive propaganda and compelling Americanism ever brought forth.

The organization now is made up of one thousand expert musicians, all regularly enlisted men, including the only battalion band in the world. They are under the direction of America's premier bandmaster, Lieut. John Philip Sousa.

The band was divided into twelve units during the Third Liberty Loan campaign. In each unit were from twenty-five to two hundred men. These bands went into five of the twelve Federal Reserve Bank districts, making two and three week stands in such cities as Chicago, Philadelphia, Cleveland, St. Louis, Kansas City, Duluth and Milwaukee. Various units toured Missouri, Arkansas, Kentucky, Indiana, Mississippi, Tennessee, Kansas, Pennsylvania, Iowa, Michigan, Wisconsin, Illinois, Oklahoma, Colorado, Wyoming and northern New Mexico.

During the Liberty Loan campaign the Great Lakes Naval Training Station band played before nine million, five hundred thousand people. They marched



GREAT LAKES NAVAL TRAINING STATION BAND ON PARADE. Over three thousand, six hundred miles and played more than twelve thousand pieces. They were greeted everywhere by the greatest display of patriotic enthusiasm ever accorded a military organization in the history of America.

Besides influencing bond sales variously estimated at from five hundred million to a billion dollars, this band is reported to have aroused the districts into which it went to a pitch of patriotism and solid confidence in the administration and all things American that nothing else could have accomplished. Into every section of the larger cities and into every community marched the bluejackets, firm of step, erect of carriage, fighting men, every inch of them. Thousands of Americans who never before in this war had realized the caliber of men upon whom America depends for victory, saw these two-fisted sea-going young patriots and dug down into their purses for money to back them up.

It was at the urgent request of Secretary of the Treasury William G. McAdoo that the Great Lakes bandmen went into the Third Liberty Loan campaign. In a letter to Secretary Josephus Daniels of the navy, he speaks of the "extremely valuable assistance rendered by the Great Lakes Naval Training Station band."

At the period of the two campaigns named, this country seemed to need visible evidence of where the money was going. Every highway and byway of sixteen states was visited by the Great Lakes band and every grown-up and every little tot stood straighter and breathed faster at the sight of them swinging down the street, playing the fighting tunes of America's time-tried race of fighting men.

The News, \$1.50 Year.

## Spokes Wanted

Until further notice, we will pay the following prices for SPLIT HICKORY and OAK SPOKES, delivered on our yard at Columbia and Clementsville, Ky.:

## Split Hickory 30 in. Wanted

Price per M. pieces

On Heart	Depth	Length	A. & B	C
2 1/2	x 3	30	\$50.00	\$25.00
4	x 4 1/2	30	175.00	60.00

These Spokes may be white or red timber or part white and part red, but must be good heavy timber clear of defects.

## White Oak Spokes, Second Growth Strictly

Price per M. pieces

On Heart	Depth	Length	A. & B	C
2 1/2	x 3	30	\$60.00	\$25.00
3 1/2	x 3 1/2	30	100.00	50.00
4	x 4 1/2	30	175.00	60.00

## Black Jack or Red Oak Wanted, Second Growth only.

On Heart	Depth	Length	A. & B	C
4	x 4 1/2	30	150.00	50.00

The White Oak Spokes must be second growth timber clear of defects of all kinds. The 4 and 4 1/2 Red Oak Spokes must be split from but cuts only of real good Red Oak butts, they must be A & B quality only.

## ADAIR SPOKE CO.

E. G. WEATHINGTON, Mgr.

## From Ohio.

Camp Sherman, June 15, 1918.

Headquarters Company,  
336 Infantry.

To Adair County News:

Having recently been transferred to this camp, I shall endeavor to give a brief description of it to the readers of The Adair County News, if I may have a little space in your paper. We arrived in this camp at 12:30 o'clock Saturday night, June 8th.

We could not tell what our new home was like, but each of us, anxious to know, arose early Sunday morning expecting to make a general survey of the camp, but instead our attention was called to dirty windows and floors to which we gave our attention and time most of the day, being permitted to go into town or about the camp in the evening.

We have a wonderful camp here. It is excellently arranged and in a beautiful site. We are in a valley, seemingly an old lake bed, surrounded by beautiful hills and the Scioto river touching the camp area in places, thus affording nice swimming and amusement for us after drill in the evening.

We have no mud here as the ground is not dirt, but sand or gravel. The ground is perfectly level and well drained. The barracks and stables all in line, streets running north, south, east, and west, thus making it an ideal camp.

The town is small, but very pretty, and its citizens seem very hospitable. One of my comrades and I were at prayer meeting at one of their churches Wednesday night of last week, where we were highly welcomed and met many people with whom we could confidentially converse and that is what keeps our spirit up and keeps us going.

Back to Louisville. We will never find another city half so good for the soldiers. Before I went to Camp Taylor I scarcely knew anything of Louisville, but now I am prepared to say that she, the metropolis of Kentucky,

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is the grandest city in the land. The citizens there threw open their doors to us. They invited us to their homes, and even came out in cars to get us, take us in and give us nice Sunday dinners and nice music.

They held special services regularly each week in different churches just for the entertainment of the soldiers, serving them, or us, as I am one of them, with refreshments and breaking up with a jam social like, so that we might meet and get acquainted with the youngsters of the city.

Our parades through Louisville were witnessed by throngs of cheering people who readily responded to the call in the Y. M. C. A., Red Cross and other war relief campaigns.

Not only Louisville heard these calls, but all of Kentucky, Indiana, and Illinois, the three sister States which were so largely represented at Camp Taylor, heard and answered by soon over subscribing their required amount.

I now think that these states are not only largely represented at Camp Taylor, as they were some ten months ago, but their boys have gone into the different camps and armaments of the United States and to England and France where today they are holding up and maintaining that spirit and history that was given them in the wars of their liest existence and for which they shall ever live.

The soldiers are the ones who must and are sacrificing their time, pleasure, blood, and lives. They man the guns, but they cannot do this without co-operation with the civilians which I am sure we have.

Fearing that I have exceeded the limit of space in your columns, I close with best wishes to old Adair.

Sgt. E. E. Moore.